THE FRANKLIN REVIEW.

VOLUME I. CHAMBERSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896. NUMBER 47.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE STANDARD RAILWAY OF AMERICA.

PROTECTED THROUGHOUT BY THE

Interlocking Switch and Block Signal System.

On and after May 20th, 1895, the Passengre Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from HARRISBURG and arrive at Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburg, and Erie as follows:

EASTWARD.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS daily at 1.10 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 4.30 A. M. and New York at 7.33 A. M.

EASTERN EXPRESS daily at 2.15 A. M., arrives Philadelphia 5.05 A. M., New York 7.43 A. M.

FAST LINE daily at 3.45 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 6.52 A. M. daily and New York 9.33 A. M. week-days, and 10.38 A. M. Sunday.

HARRISBURG EXPRESS daily (except Sunday) at 6.40 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 10.20 A. M. and New York at 12.53 P. M.

COLUMBIA ACCOMMODATION daily (except Sunday) at 7.15 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia at 11.45 A. M. and New York 2.13 P. M.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS daily at 9.35 A. M. arrives at Philadelphia 12.17 p. m. and New York 2.33 p. m.

SEA-SHORE EXPRESS daily (except Sunday) at 11.40 A. M., arrives at Philadelphia 3.00 p. m. and New York 5.53 p. m.

PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED EXPRESS of Pullman Vestibule Cars daily at 1.40 p. m., arrives at Philadelphia at 4.17 p. m. and New York at 6.30 p. m.

LANCASTER ACCOMMODATION (Sunday only) at 2.35 P. M., arrive at Lancaster 4.20 P. M.

DAY EXPRESS daily at 2.50 p. m., arrives at Philadelphia at 5.47 p. m. and New York at 8.23 p. m.

LANCASTER ACCOMMODATION, daily (except Sunday) at 2.55 p. m., arrives Lancaster 4.18 p. m.

MAIN LINE EXPRESS, daily at 3.30 p. m., arrives Philadelphia 6.23 p. m., arrives New York 9.23 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION via Columbia daily (except Sunday,) at 4.50 p. m. and arrives at Philadelphia at 9.45 p. m., New York 12.38 a. m. daily (except Monday).

LANCASTER ACCOMMODATION, daily (except Sunday) at 5.10 p. m., arrives Lancaster 6.20 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN daily at 7.30 p. m. arrives at Philadelphia at 11.15 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m.

STEELTON TRAINS leave Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 6.40, 7.15, 11.40 a. m., 2.55, 4.50, 5.10 p. m. On Sunday, 2.35 p. m. Returning, leave Steelton daily (except Sunday) 10.55, 11.08 a. m.; 3.55, 7.01, 7.44 p. m. On Sunday 11.08 a. m.

For LEBANON, 6.40, 11.40 a. m., 3.30, 7.30 p. m. week-days.

All Through Trains connect at Jersey City with boats of "Brooklyn Annex" for BROOKLYN, N. Y., avoiding double ferriage and Journey through New York City.

WESTWARD.

SOUTHWESTERN EXPRESS daily at 1.20 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 4.50 a. m., Pittsburg 8.30 a. m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS daily at 3.10 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 7.40 a. m. and Pittsburg at 12.10 p. m.

WAY PASSENGER, daily, 8.18 a. m., arrives at Altoona 1.45 p. m. and Pittsburg 6.50 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN daily at 11.20 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 3.40 p. m. and Pittsburg at 8.10 p. m.

PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED, of Pullman Vestibule cars leaves daily at 3.00 p. m., arrives at Altoona at 6.10 p. m., and Pittsburg 9.15 p. m.

FAST LINE daily at 3.50 p. m.. arrives at Altoona at 7.40 p. m., and Pittsburg at 11.30 p. m.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION, daily, 5.00 p. m. arrives at Altoona at 9.50 p. m.

CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS, daily at 7.30 p. m. arrives Altoona 10.45 p. m. and Pittsburg at 2.00 a. m.

EXPRESS FOR PITTSBURG (daily except Sunday), 10.20 p. m.

WESTERN EXPRESS daily at 11.55 p. m. arrives at Altoona at 3.35 a. m. and Pittsburg at 7.15 a. m.

For MIFFLIN, 3.10, 8.18 and 11.20 a. m., 3.50 5.00 and 10.20 p. m., daily, except Sunday. Sun days, 3.10, 8.18, 11.20 a. m., 3.50 and 5.00 p. m.

PHILAD'A & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WESTERN EXPRESS, daily, except Sunday, at 12.01 a. m., arrives at Sunbury at 1.35 a. m., and Williamsport 2.55 a. m.

NORTHERN EXPRESS, daily, at 3.30 a. m., arrives at Williamsport at 6.50 a. m., and Erie at 3.40 p. m.

NEWS EXPRESS, daily, at 8.15 a. m., arrives at Williamsport at 11.15 a. m., Lock Haven at 12.20 p. m.

NIAGARA EXPRESS daily (except Sunday) at 12.10 p. m., arrives at Williamsport at 3.00 p. m., Lock Haven at 4.30 p. m., Renovo at 5.15 p.m and Kane 9.20 p. m.

FAST LINE daily (except Sunday) at 3.55 p. m., arrives at Williamsport at 7.00 p. m., Lock Haven at 8.00 p. m., and Renovo at 9.00 p. m.

WILLIAMSPORT EXPRESS daily at 7.55 p. m., arrives at Sunbury 9.25 p. m., and Williamsport at 10.40 p. m.

Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket Office at the Station.

S. M. PREVOST, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager. Gen'l Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Time table of Through Trains in effect Jan. 6th, 1895. Close connection made in Union Depots, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and all points West and Southwest. Close connections also made in Columbus and Chicago for points West and Northwest.

LEAVE HAGERSTOWN.

6.30 A. M.—Arrive at Frederick 8.35 A. M. Washington 9.20 A. M., Baltimore 10.30 A M.

11.10 A. M.—Chicago Vestibuled Limited Express—Arrive at Frederick 2.20 P. M., Washington 3.25 p. m., Baltimore 4.40 p. m., Pittsburg 8.45 p. m., Youngstown 10.57 p. m., Akron 12.42 a. m., Chicago 11.00 a. m.

5.00 P. M.—For Columbus, Pittsburg, Chicago, Washington and Baltimore.

ARRIVE AT HAGERSTOWN.

9.00 A. M.—From Baltimore, Frederick, Winchester, Martinsburg, Cumberland and all through points west.

2.13 P. M.—From Baltimore, Washington, Frederick and all stations on the Main Line.

8.40 P. M.—From Baltimore, via Main Stem and via Washington and from Frederick and all points west.

LEAVE MARTINSBURG.

1.47 P. M.—Vestibuled Limited Express Chicago 11.00 a. m., Pittsburg 8.45 p. m., Youngstown 10.57 p. m., Akron 12.52 a. m.

5.54 P. M.—Vestibuled Limited Express—Arrive at Cumberland 8.02 p. m., Cincinnati 7.45 a. m., Louisville 11.59 a. m., St. Louis 6.00 m.

10.39 P. M.—Chicago Express—Arrive Columbus 11.35 a. m., Chicago 9.00 p. m.

11.28 P. M.—Arrive at Pittsburg 6.55 a. m. Cleveland 10.30 a. m.

2.27 A. M.—Arrive at Cincinnati 5.30 p. m., Louisville 11.00 p. m., St. Louis 7.12 a. m.

The Double Track, Elegantly Equipped, Picturesque, Baltimore & Ohio solicits patronage, offering you superior accommodations, quick transit and low rates of fare. If you intend to travel West, Northwest or Southwest call on or address the undersigned who will give you full information.

☞Trains leave Hagerstown daily, except Sunday.

C. O. SCULL, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
Baltimore, Md.

H. W. Spessard,
Pass. & Ticket Agent.
Chambersburg, Pa.

TUSCARORA VALLEY RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Monday, Sept. 30, 1895.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS. Daily, except Sunday.		No. 1 A. M.	No. 3 P. M.
Blair's Mills	Lv	8 00	2 00
Waterloo		8 05	2 05
Leonard's Grove		8 10	2 10
Ross Farm		8 15	2 15
Perulack		8 20	2 20
East Waterford		8 30	2 30
Heckman		8 37	2 37
Honey Grove		8 42	2 42
Fort Bingham		8 48	2 48
Warble		8 55	2 55
Pleasant View		9 00	3 00
Seven Pines		9 06	3 06
Spruce Hill		9 10	3 10
Graham's		9 14	3 14
Stewart		9 16	3 16
Freedom		9 18	3 18
Turbett		9 20	3 20
Old Port		9 25	3 25
Port Royal	Ar	9 30	3 30

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Port Roya with Way Passenger and Seashore Express on P. R. R., and Nos. 3 and 4 with Mail East.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS. Daily, except Sunday.		Dist.	No 2. A. M.	No. 4 P. M.
Port Royal	Lv	0 0	10 45	5 15
Old Port		1 3	10 50	5 20
Turbett		2 8	10 55	5 25
Freedom		3 7	10 57	5 27
Stewart		4 4	10 59	5 29
Graham's		5 0	11 01	5 31
Spruce Hill		6 3	11 05	5 35
Seven Pines		7 2	11 09	5 39
Pleasant Veiw		9 0	11 15	5 45
Warble		10 0	11 20	5 50
Fort Bingham		12 0	11 26	5 56
Honey Grove		14 0	11 33	6 03
Heckman		15 1	11 38	6 08
East Waterford		17 5	11 45	6 15
Perulack		20 5	11 55	6 25
Ross Farm		22 0	12 00	6 30
Leonard's Grove		24 0	12 05	6 35
Waterloo		25 5	12 10	6 40
Blair's Mills	Ar	27 0	12 15	6 45

Trains Nos. 2 and 3 connect with Stage Line at Blair's Mills for Concord, Doylesburg and Dry Run.

J. C. MOORHEAD, Supt.

CUMBERLAND VALLEY RAIL ROAD TIME TABLE.—Dec. 2, 1895.

Leave		no. 2 *A. M	no. 4 †A. M	†P. M	no. 6 †P. M	no. 8 *P. M	no10
Winchester			7 15			2 40	
Martinsburg			8 00		9 30	3 30	
Hagerstown		6 30	8 45	12 20	4 20	4 20	9 05
Greencastle		6 51	9 05	12 42	4 53	4 53	9 30
Mercersburg			7 45			2 50	
Chambersburg	A. M	7 12	9 30	1 04	5 20	9 53	
Waynesboro			8 10	12 00	4 00		
Shippensburg		7 32	9 50	1 24	5 42	10 14	
Newville		7 50	10 08	1 41	6 00	10 33	
Carlisle		8 13	10 31	2 05	6 25	10 56	
Mechanicsburg		8 39	10 51	2 27	6 45	11 19	
Arr. Dillsburg			1 00		4 40	7 35	
Arr. Harrisb'g		9 00	11 10	2 45	7 02	11 40	
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M
Arr. Phila		12 17	3 00	5 47	11 15	4 30	
" New York		2 33	5 53	8 29	3 53	7 33	
" Baltimore		12 20	3 10	6 15	10 40	6 20	
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M

Additional trains will leave Carlisle for Harrisburg daily, except Sunday, at 5.45 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 12.10 p. m., 3.45 p. m. and 6.30 p. m., and from Mechanicsburg at 6.10 a. m., 7.25 a. m., 9.54 a. m., 12.35 p. m., 1.44 p. m., 4.10 p. m., 5.35 p. m. and 6.55 p. m., stopping at 2d street Harrisburg, to let off passengers.

Trains Nos. 4 and 10 run daily between Harrisburg and Hagerstown.

$On Sundays No. 4. arrives Baltimore 4.20 p. m., Philadelphia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.23 p. m.

Through coach from Hagerstown to Philadelphia on train No. 4.

* Daily.
† Daily except Sunday.

Leave		no. 1 P. M.	no. 3 A. M.	no. 5 A. M.	no. 7 A. M	P. M.	P. M.	no. 9 P. M.
L'v	Baltimore	11 50	4 55	8 53	11 40			4 40
"	New York	8 00	12 15		9 30			2 00
"	Phila	11 20	4 20	8 50	12 25			4 40
		†	*		†	†		*
	Leave Harrisburg	A. M 4 45	A. M 7 55	P. M 12 10	P. M 3 45	P. M	P. M	P. M 8 10
	Dillsburg		7 35	9 30	1 20			5 10
	Mechanicsburg	5 04	8 15	12 30	4 07			8 29
	Carlisle	5 25	8 36	12 53	4 27			8 50
	Newville	5 49	9 00	1 17	4 51			9 10
	Shippensburg	6 08	9 18	1 38	5 10			9 28
	Waynesboro		10 35	3 00	6 10			
	Chambersburg	6 32	9 45	2 05	5 35			9 50
	Mercersburg		11 05	5 38				
	Greencastle	6 54	10 06	2 26	5 55			10 09
	Hagerstown	7 17	10 35	2 50	6 25			10 30
	Martinsburg		11 16		7 07			
	Ar. Winchester		12 05		7 55			
		A. M	Mn'on	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Additional local trains will leave Harrisburg daily, except Sunday, for Carlisle and intermediate stations at 9.35 a. m., 2.25 p. m., 3.40 p. m., 5.20 p. m. 6.20 p. m. and 10.55 p. m., also for Mechanicsburg and intermediate stations at 7.48 a. m. and 11.20 a. m. All of the above trains will stop at 2d street, Harrisburg, to take on passengers.

Nos. 3 and 9 run daily between Harrisburg and Hagerstown.

Through coach from Philadelphia to Hagerstown on trains Nos. 5 and 9.

* Daily.
† Daily except Sunday.

MONT ALTO RAILROAD.

Mail no58 †P. M	Mix no56 †P. M	Acc no54 †A. M			Mail no53 †A. M	Mix no55 †P. M	Acc no57 †P. M
5 10	1 30	9 45	Lve.	Arr.	8 50	1 20	4 45
5 27	1 53	9 52	Chambersburg		8 42	1 08	4 39
5 38	2 08	10 03	Mont Alto Jun.		8 31	12 52	4 29
5 43	2 16	10 08	West Fay'tville		8 26	12 44	4 24
5 55	2 32	10 19	East Fay'tville		8 15	12 25	4 13
5 58	2 37	10 22	Mont Alto		8 12	12 20	4 11
6 02	2 46	10 27	Kneppers		8 08	12 11	4 07
6 10	3 00	10 35	Quincy		8 00	12 00	4 00
P. M.	P. M.	A. M	Waynesboro		A. M	P. M.	P. M.
			Arr.	Lve.			

SOUTHERN PENN'A R. R. TRAINS.

Pas. no65 †P. M	Mix no63 †A. M			Pas. no 64 †A. M	Mix no68 †P. M
4 55	9 45	Lve.	Arr.	8 38	4 15
5 08	9 56	Marion		8 23	3 55
5 43	11 05	Mercersburg		7 45	2 50
6 02	11 35	Loudon		7 23	2 15
6 10	11 50	Richmond		7 15	2 00
P. M.	A. M	Arr.	Lve.	A. M	P. M.

Connection for all stations on Cumberland Valley Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad system.

H. A. RIDDLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent. J. F. BOYD, Supt.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

connecting with P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B. & O. R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Renn'a R. R. at Bruceville, and P. W. & B., N. C., and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

Schedule in effect September 29, 1895.

BALTIMORE & CUMBERLAND VALLEY BRANCH.

Read Downward. P. M.	P. M.	A. M	Stations.	Read Upward. A. M	P. M.	P. M.
3 15	1 09	6 00	Shippensburg	8 33	1 06	8 58
3 25	1 18	6 10	Southampton	8 23	12 57	8 48
3 32	1 25	6 17	Greenvillage	8 16	12 50	8 41
3 47	1 39	6 31	Chambersburg	8 05	12 39	8 30
3 58	1 49	6 42	New Franklin	7 51	12 25	8 16
4 06	1 57	6 50	Altenwald	7 44	12 18	8 08
4 13	2 05	6 57	Five Forks	7 35	12 10	8 00
4 23	2 13	7 06	Waynesboro	7 27	12 02	7 51
4 31	2 22	7 15	Midvale	7 18	11 53	7 42
4 39	2 30	7 29	Edgemont	7 05	11 45	7 34
			Ar. Le.			
			Le. Ar.			
4 44	2 35	7 36	Edgemont	7 04	11 45	7 34
	2 53	7 50	Highfield	6 53	11 28	7 19
7 17	6 05	10 27	Baltimore	4 30	8 11	4 08
			Ar. Le.			
			Le. Ar.			
4 44	2 35	7 36	Edgemont	7 03	11 39	7 22
4 50	2 41	7 41	Smithsburg	6 57	11 33	7 16
4 55	2 44	7 43	Cavetown	6 54	11 30	7 20
4 59	2 50	7 48	Chewsville	6 49	11 25	7 15
5 15	3 06	8 02	Hagerstown	6 35	11 10	7 00
			Ar. Le.			
			Ar. Le.			P. M.
6 25			Williamsport	6 17		5 45
			Le. Ar.			
8 05		8 05	Hagerstown			6 00
8 26		8 18	Williamsport			5 38
8 37		8 27	Charlton			5 28
8 43		8 33	Clear Spring			5 22
8 57		8 45	Big Pool			5 0
9 00		8 48	Cherry Run			5 05
			Ar. Le.			
			Ar. Le		A. M	
	2 35	7 36	Edgemont		11 45	7 34
	2 53	7 50	Highfie d		11 28	7 17
	3 52	8 43	Gettysburg		10 28	6 20
	4 16	9 06	New Oxford		10 03	5 56
	4 23	9 23	Hanover		9 46	5 39
	4 45	9 38	Ar. Porters Le.		9 32	5 27
	5 27	9 38	Ar. Porters Le.		9 32	4 44
	5 33	9 44	Menges		9 26	4 38
	5 35	9 47	Spring Grove		9 24	4 36
	5 40	9 52	Nashville		9 20	4 31
	5 43	9 59	Thomasville		9 16	4 27
	5 57	10 10	Ar. W. York Le.		9 02	4 14

P. & R. R. trains leave Shippensburg at 7.0 and 12.35 a. m. and 3.55 p. m. Arrive at 10.35 a. m., 2.25 and 5.42 p. m., daily, except Sunday. Trains for Frederick leave Bruceville at 9.40 and 5.40 p. m. Trains for Taneytown, Littlestown, Wrightsville and Columbia leave Bruceville at 7.44 a. m. and 3.45 p. m.

Leave Rocky Ridge for Emmitsburg at 8.26 and 10.40 a. m., and 3.31 and 6.34 p. m. Leave Emmitsburg for Rocky Ridge at 7.50 and 10.00 a. m., and 2.55 and 4.50 p. m.

B. & O. passenger trains leave Cherry Run for Cumberland and intermediate points, No. 13, daily, at 8.57 a. m. For Piedmont and intermediate, No. 17, daily, except Sunday, at 1.26 p. m., and Chicago Express, No. 7, daily, at 11.02 p. m. East bound trains arrive at Cherry Run, No. 4, at 4.04 a. m.; No. 6, at 11.01 a. m.; No. 14, at 5.01 p. m.

Passengers for Chicago Limited, No. 5, or Cincinnati Limited, No. 1, take No. 17 to Hancock and there transfer to No. 5 or No. 1.

Passengers for B. & O. Pittsburg Express, No. 9, take No. 7 to Hancock and there transfer.

All the above trains daily except Sunday.

J. M. Hood, General Manager. B. H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

Officers Of Franklin County And Of Chambersburg Borough.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

JUDGE—John Stewart. Term expires 1898.
SHERIFF—Samuel G. Greenawalt. Term expires 1898.
PROTHONOTARY—Geo. A. Hornbaker. Term expires 1896.
REGISTER AND RECORDER—J. H. Ledy. Term expires 1896.
CLERK OF THE COURTS—D. L. Grove. Term expires 1896.
TREASURER—Andrew S. Stover. Term expires 1896.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—Jere H. Light. Term expires 1898.
COMMISSIONERS—George V. Johnston, Samuel S. Reisher, E. S. Baer. Terms expire 1896.
DIRECTORS OF THE POOR—George W. Immell, term expires 1896; John G. Youst, term expires 1897; L. C. Martin, term expires 1898.
AUDITORS—T. M. Smith, Joseph A. Pfoutz, John R. Pilgrim; terms expire 1896.
JURY COMMISSIONERS—B. M. Martin, John L. Brindle; terms expire 1897.
COUNTY SURVEYOR—S. V. Wingert. Term expires 1898.
CORONER—L. F. Suesserott. Term expires 1898.

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

BURGESS—John R. Orr.
COUNCILMEN—Dr. J. S. Kennedy, Frank Henderson, Dr. P. Brough Montgomery, John W. Houser, Rush S. Dittman, John Shreiner, A. M. Sager, George Bietsch.
CLERK OF COUNCIL—D. B. Kirby.
TREASURER—E. J. Black.
TAX COLLECTOR—Daniel Harmony.
AUDITORS—George C. Cooke, Frank Huber.

FATE'S IRON BAND.

A Story of Real Life in Our Own Country That Reads Like Fiction.

In 1874 George W. Pendleton and his wife, Mrs. Octavia Pendleton, were residing at the little village of Liverpool in Brazoria county, Texas. They had been married about three years. They were well fixed financially, owning a large area of fine grazing lands adjacent to their home and several thousand head of cattle. They were of congenial temperaments and lived happily together, and to increase their happiness there had come to them a bright boy.

In the same village lived Guy Hinton, who was also the possessor of considerable wealth. Mr. Hinton was a sturdy, pushing fellow, and a man greatly esteemed by all of his neighbors, but he was unhappily married. One morning Mr. Hinton rode up to Mr. Pendleton's house and told Pendleton that he was going to Velasco, about twenty miles distant, and asked if he would not go with him. Pendleton replied that he had no business in Velasco, but that he wanted to see a Mr. Holt, who lived on Bastrop Bayou, about half way between Liverpool and Velasco, and that he would go that far. The two friends started off together, and Mrs. Pendleton says that the moment her husband mounted his horse she was seized with a strange and awful foreboding, and that she could hardly restrain herself from begging her husband not to go.

Mr. Pendleton returned home late that afternoon, tired out with his long ride. At the supper table he told his wife that Mr. Hinton had confided to him that he had left home for good; that he and his wife could not get along together, and rather than live in a constant broil he had decided to leave her what property he had and seek fortune and happiness in some other country. Pendleton said that he had tried to dissuade Hinton from leaving his wife, but without avail. The latter said that as yet he and his wife had no children, and as it was clear they could never live together in peace, he thought it was wise to separate before offspring of their unhappy union should arrive to complicate matters. Pendleton also told his wife that Hinton had left his wife all he possessed except a few dollars, and that to help him out he (Pendleton) had bought his watch.

Mr. and Mrs. Pendleton thought it wise to say nothing about Hinton's departure to any of the neighbors, as they did not want Mrs. Hinton to think them in any manner instrumental in her husband's having left her.

Two weeks later, while eating breakfast one morning, there came a knock at the front door. Mr. Pendleton arose from the table to answer the summons, and on opening the door was confronted by a deputy sheriff, who stepped forward and slipped a pair of handcuffs on his wrists. Pendleton, was, of course, surprised, and asked the officer what it meant.

"You are charged with the murder of Guy Hinton," Capt. Bennett replied. "His body has been found in a skirt of woods on Bastrop Bayou. There is much damaging testimony against you. I would advise you not to talk until you consult a lawyer.

Pendleton was dumfounded, not so much at the charge against him, for he thought he could easily clear himself, as he was at the news of Hinton's death. The unfortunate man, however, had no conception of the array of circumstantial evidence he was compelled to face.

On preliminary examination it was shown that the body of a man had been found in the woods skirting Bastrop Bayou with a bullet through his head, and that the body, although somewhat decomposed, had been identified as Hinton's; that Pendleton and Hinton had left Liverpool together one morning some two weeks before; that Hinton when he left home wore his gold watch; that a couple of boys out hunting that afternoon had seen Pendleton and Hinton standing under a tree talking; that after the boys had passed out of sight they heard a gun or pistol fired in the direction they had seen the two men; that Pendleton had returned to Liverpool that evening wearing Hinton's gold watch; that Hinton had never since been seen alive, and the body had been found under the very tree where he and Pendleton were seen by the boys.

The law in Texas seals a defendant's lips. He cannot testify in his own behalf, and having no way to disprove the case the state had made against him, Pendleton was committed to jail without bail.

On final trial he was convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

Mrs. Pendleton was present at the trial, and, strange to say, after hearing the testimony, believed her husband guilty, but says now she cannot see how she ever could have believed it, since she knew him to be brave and honest.

About two years after that Mrs. Pendleton secured a divorce, and was married to a Mr. Devit. Shortly after her marriage to Devit she sold all the property formerly owned by Pendleton, which had been awarded to her by the divorce court, and removed with her husband to Atlanta Georgia.

Pendleton had been in the penitentiary about two and a half years when a letter bearing his address and a South American postmark arrived at the Liverpool Postoffice. It was forwarded to the penitentiary authorities at Huntsville, and on being opened was found to be from Guy Hinton, the man for killing whom Pendleton was serving out a life sentence. Pendleton immediately wrote Hinton of the strait he was in. Hinton on receiving this letter took passage for Galveston, and in due time arrived in Brazoria county.

Of course the Governor pardoned Pendleton as soon as the facts were presented to him. On his release Pendleton returned to Liverpool. His confinement had told harshly upon him, and the news of his wife's divorce, marriage, and removal to Georgia threw him into a violent brain fever. On his recovery he left his former home, the scene of his joy and great misfortune, and sought the home of his former wife, now the wife of another, with the purpose of having his boy at any cost.

The news of Hinton's return and Pendleton's consequent pardon had preceded him to Georgia. It was too much for Mrs. Pendleton, or rather Mrs. Devit. She felt herself a bigamist. She immediately left Devit, and a week before Pendleton arrived at Atlanta she became a raving maniac and had to be sent to the asylum. Pendleton secured his boy and worked his way to California. Being a man of fertile resources, he soon got another start in the world, and is now a prosperous fruit grower.

Mr. Pendleton's son, George, was too young when the events above recorded occurred to remember much about his mother, and his father carefully kept the facts of this awful drama in real life, in which no one was to blame, but all the victims of the iron band of fate, from him until he arrived at his majority. On the boy's reaching the age of 21 years the father told him of the sad romance of their lives.

George was anxious to learn what had become of his mother, and, obtaining his father's permission to do so, visited Georgia. On inquiry at the asylum, he learned that she had been discharged years before as cured, and that she had gone to live with a brother then residing at some place in North Carolina. In North Carolina he learned that the brother with whom Mrs. Devit was living had removed to this (Winston) county, Alabama. The young man arrived here about two months ago, and sought out his parent. The meeting of the mother and son, so long parted, was a most affecting scene.

George subsequently wrote his father of his mother's course after learning of his innocence. The letter rekindled all the old love in George Pendleton's heart, and he crossed the continent as fast as steam could bring him and yesterday remarried the companion of his early manhood. Mrs. Pendleton is yet a beautiful woman on the sunny side of forty. Mr. Pendleton is in the prime of life.

The above facts were related to the writer on the evening of this happy second marriage. Mr. Pendleton also told the writer that the body identified as Hinton's was that of a peddler named McDabe, whom a negro who was hanged at Houston, Texas, some years ago, confessed to having murdered and robbed.—From the Courier-Journal.

The Government Seed Shop.

The Secretary of Agriculture is asking for offers of seeds for free distribution, in accordance with the Joint Resolution of Congress. All the varieties of seeds to be purchased will be, according to the established methods of seed testing, subject to test by Gilbert H. Hicks, seed expert, or some other employe of the division of botany of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The right to reject any lot or lots of seeds which may be found to fall below the standards herein given is reserved by the Secretary of Agriculture. This opportunity to sell seed is open to all the known reputable growers of and dealers in seed. The entire purchase will weigh about three hundred tons. Each of the 90 Senators, each of the 357 members of the House of Representatives, and each of the three Territorial Delegates will have a quota of 15,000 packets of seeds. Therefore each of the above named will have a total of one-four hundred and fiftieth part of two-thirds of each variety.

OURSELVES AND NEIGHBORS.

HAPPENINGS IN FRANKLIN AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

Gleaned From Our Exchanges—The News of the Cumberland Valley and Southern Pennsylvania, With a Few From Bevond Mason & Dixon's.

The Blair county Prohibition convention will be held in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Tyrone, Saturday next, at 1:30 o'clock.

The House Territories Committee Thursday, by a vote of 6 to 4, ordered a favorable report to be made on the bill admitting New Mexico to statehood.

Henry Sanford Fitch, a well-to-do real estate owner, of Washington, D. C., committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a revolver at his home that city Thursday.

Iowa has passed a law forbidding sale or manufacture of cigarettes or cigarette material, under penalties of from $25 to $500 fine and six months' imprisonment.

Now it is reported that the A. P. A. has declared war against McKinley because his manager says McKinley will recognize no faction in the Republican party and will make no pledges or promises to any secret organization.

The man who was perplexed over the question, whether the dog wagged his tail or whether the tail wagged the dog, is perplexed over the question whether the weather wags the ground hog or whether the ground hog wags the weather.

Charles Ramsey, the wife murderer, of East Waterford, Juniata county, who was sent to the insane asylum, has written a letter home. By the tone of his letter it seems as though he was getting over his insanity a little too soon for the good of his health.

Governor Hastings has fixed Tuesday, June 30, for the execution of George Windisch at Wilkesbarre. There are two other murderers in this state awaiting execution. They are H. H. Holmes, who will be hanged at Philadelphia, May 7, and Frank March, whose execution will take place at Uniontown, May 25.

Benjamin H. Walker died at his home at Alum Bank, Bedford county, some days since, aged 81 years. He was the father of eleven sons who fought for the Union in the late war, and engineer on the underground railway which helped so many slaves to obtain their freedom. In 1848 he assisted twenty-seven slaves to escape.

The wholesale eleo dealers of Pittsburg have been notified by the pure food commission that on and after April 15 no more oleomargarine or butterine shall be sold in this state. Prosecutions will follow any attempt to market more of the article. The retailers, it is understood, will cease dealing in the lard and tallow compound after May 1.

Editor Bruce Martin of the Waynesboro Gazette was made happy the other day. This is how he tells about it: "Speaking of the X ray, we had the pleasure of seeing one last week. It was green and had the X in the top corner. It was offered in payment of subscription. We had to send out and have it refracted before we could give them a receipt."

A case that interests every person who travels with a trunk has got into the Centre county court. Dr. M. Salm sued the Pennsylvania railroad company for damage because his trunk had been delayed ten hours, arriving at Bellefonte that long after he came in on the same road. A justice of the peace awarded Salm $225 damages, but the railroad company appealed the case.

A number of feminine brain workers have come to the conclusion that they can do better work by going without breakfast, eating only a light luncheon and making six o'clock dinner practically the only meal of the day. Many of those who have tried it declare that they have entirely overcome the faintness that they felt at first, and that they are able to put their faculties to better use than ever before.

Drink and the gang drinks with you; swear off and you go it alone; for the bar room bum who drinks your rum has a quenchless thirst of his own. Feast and your friends are many; fast and they cut you dead; they'll not get mad if you treat them bad, as long as their stomachs are fed. Steal if you get a million, for then you can furnish bail; its the big thief that gets out on leave, the little one goes to jail.

Saturday morning of last week, Laura, 12-year old daughter of Mrs. George Potter was curious to know the contents of a car torpedo which she had picked up along the tracks of the Mont Alto railroad. So getting the axe and laying the torpedo on a block she came down hard on it. The little bomb responded with unexpected and painful alacrity, filling the air with flying, whizzing fragments all around. A lot of them struck her hand and lacerated the flesh in a horrible manner, pulling off the flesh from the fingers clear to the bone. It was a costly and most regretable experience, and Miss Laura has the tender sympathy of her many friends on the North side, in her trials and tribulations.—Waynesboro Gazette.

The Shippensburg News says: Up to the present time no tidings have been received of Charles Shryock, of this city, who disappeared from the Medical University at Philadelphia, March 13. His family have made every effort, through the police and detective forces of the principal cities, to obtain a clue as to his whereabouts, but without avail. A liberal reward will be paid for information leading to his recovery.

After a courtship just 24 hours long Shady Childers, aged 82 years, and Mrs. Amanda Winters, aged 46, were married in Harrison county, near the town of Muncie, Ind., last Wednesday a week. The couple met for the first time Tuesday night and were married the next evening. Mr. Childers is in excellent health and very agile for a man of his age, and he spent a good part of his wending day riding on horseback all over the neighborhood scouring up guests for his wedding.

The Hagerstown Morning Herald of Friday says: Rev. Edmund Walton has been heard from. He left the Christian Workers here, it will be remembered, to join the Radical U. B. ministry, and he is preaching at Woodstock to several persons of that denomination. He also wishes to preach at the Liberal U. B. church at Mt. Jackson, but report has it that the trustees were so illiberal as to lock the doors on him. The latest

The Franklin Review.

H. H. WOODAL,
Editor and Publisher.

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THE FRANKLIN REVIEW.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896.

VACANCIES IN the United States Senate are unusual. There is one now from Delaware and after March 4, 1897, there will be another from Kentucky, the late legislature in that state having failed to elect a successor to Blackburn.

IT IS hardly probable that Peter Strubinger will again be a candidate for congress in Adams county after his crushing defeat of two years ago, and in face of the fact that many Democrats and the Compiler, the Democratic journal of the county, are outspoken in their opposition to his candidacy, and positively refuse to support him.

SOME UNCERTAINTY.

It looks very much as if there may be a readjustment of party lines on the money question. The Republican and Democratic parties are so bitterly divided on the silver question that it looks now as if their differences cannot be reconciled even at the national conventions. It does not seem possible that any sort of straddle can be fixed up that will suit the extremists in either party, so it is not improbable that there will be a bolt from both conventions and that the silverites may form a ticket of their own.

The fact that Senator Cameron is a free silver man and that he is spoken of as a presidential candidate, may unite the silver people upon him and give him the nomination. If this should be, it might make an interesting three-cornered fight of which it would be hard to predict the outcome.

THE NATION'S FIRST DEFENDERS.

The First Pennsylvania Volunteers Have a Royal Good Time.

This is memorial week to the few survivors of the first four companies in Pennsylvania who responded to the call of the government after Fort Sumpter had been fired on in 1861. One of these organizations was the Ringgold Light Artillery of Reading of which Charles Levan of our town was a member. The other companies were the Logan Guards of Lewistown and the National Light Infantry and the Washington Artillery, both of Pottsville. The first of these reached Harrisburg on the evening of April 16 and on the 17th they marched through Baltimore where they were hooted and mobbed and where "Nick Biddle" the servant of one of the Pottsville companies was wounded, he being the first person, it is said, who was injured bodily in the civil war.

At Washington they were met and congratulated by President Lincoln. They and the Sixth Massachusetts were the only Union troops to defend the capital city for some days. Afterwards most of these were enlisted in other regiments; some of them lived through the war and are still living—about one-fourth of them—and the rest, the larger number, have gone over to the silent, moldering majority.

The survivors met in Reading yesterday. After cordial greetings they took an evening train for Harrisburg where a reception and banquet welcomed them, the Governor and Mrs. Hastings being present at the reception and welcoming the grizzled boys of thirty-five year ago. This morning they were conveyed by train to Baltimore where they marched through the same streets on which they were jeered and mobbed in April, 1861. During the day they are the guests of the military organizations of the city including the Grand Army boys.

Tomorrow they will go to Washington and have their headquarters at Willard's Hotel. They will be formally received and banqueted, the President will attend the reception and welcome them personally. There will be excursions by rail and river and their time will be fully taken up through all of Saturday if they choose to remain.

It will certainly be a grand time for the remnant of the 400 who are left, and the entire state and country wish them much joy in their meeting and their good time after thirty-five years.

Another Fire That Was Quite Threatening.

Shortly before noon Tuesday the roof of the rear portion of Casper Smith's building on South Main street was seen by Mrs. George Shank to be on fire. She quickly notified Mr. Smith who telephoned the alarm and soon the bells were giving out their notes of warning. The firemen were soon on the ground and made short work of the fire. If it had gone a few minutes or even a few moments more there would have been a serious conflagration.

The portion of the building in which the fire was, was occupied by tenants and some of these had their household effects damaged by water but this could not be avoided. Mrs. Washington Thompson, an aged lady who is one of the tenants, was ill in bed at the time and had to be carried from the building. Mrs. Samuel Sellers, another tenant, had her bedding and clothing soaked with water and of course greatly damaged. The loss to Mr. Smith is about $500, covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A Probably Fatal Accident.

Abijah Ford of Fort Loudon, met with an accident on Monday which will probably cost him his life. Mr. Ford went to work in the morning in Daniel Baer's stone quarry near Fort Loudon and had only been at work a few minutes when the chain gearing which hoisted the stone from the quarry broke, a part of the chain striking him on the forehead and fracturing the skull in several places. Mr. Ford has been a resident of Fort Loudon for many years, he is 55 years old and has a family. It is feared, so our informant says, that he cannot recover.

HOLMES' CONFESSION.

HE ACKNOWLEDGES HIMSELF A MANY TIMES MURDERER.

If His "Confession" is Genuine it Marks Him a Cold-Blooded Fiend.

The following "confession" of Holmes' crimes is taken in abstracts from the New York Journal of Sunday last.

"I positively and emphatically deny the assertions that any confession has been made by me except one, and which is the only one that will be made. The original confession is the one given to the New York Journal. It alone is genuine; all others are untrue."

In this "confession" Holmes admits specifically the commission of different murders, with details that are sickening. He says his first murder was the killing of Dr. Russell, a tenant in his Chicago "Castle," whom he claims to have struck with a chair during a controversy concerning the non-payment of rent. The killing of Mrs. Julia Connor was due, to a certain extent, to a criminal operation, and he had Mrs. Connor's little daughter, Peral, poisoned because he believed her old enough to remember her mother's illness and death.

The "next case," as the "confession" puts it, is that of Charles Cole, a Southern speculator, whom the butcher says he enticed into a room, while a confederate struck him on the head with a piece of gas pipe and killed him. Although only four murders have been mentioned, he says "a domestic named Lizzie was the seventh victim." He says he suffocated Lizzie, whose last name is not given, in the vault in his "Castle."

This monster also takes upon himself a large amount of credit for the death of Miss Emeline Cigrand, his stenographer, whom he says he smothered in his vault because she was engaged to marry a young man, whom he also tried to kill. Anna Van Tassaud, "a beautiful young woman," of Chicago, was one of his victims. He enticed her into his fruit and confectionery store and poisoned her with ferrocyanide of potassium. Robert Latimer, a janitor in this arch-demon's employ, was starved to death in one of the secret rooms of the "Castle."

He says he killed Miss Anna Betts of Chicago, by substituting a poisonous drug in a prescription that had been sent to his drug store to be compounded. This he did, believing he would be called in to witness her death. The death of Miss Gertrude Connor of Muscatine, Iowa, he claims to have caused by poisoning her while she was on a visit to Chicago.

A man named Warner he burned alive in the big furnace in the cellar of the "Castle." A wealthy banker named Rodgers, was chloroformed in the "secret room" by a confederate after he had been made to sign checks and drafts aggregating $70,000, which Holmes says he and his confederate received.

So common did murder become to this fiend that he says: "The next case is that of a woman whose name has passed from my memory." This woman came to the Castle restaurant to board, and he killed her by administering chloroform. His only regret seems to have been the killing of Miss Minnie Williams, whom he says he poisoned in a village eight miles east of Momence, Illinois, about November 15, 1892. Her sister, Nannie, he killed in his mysterious vault. A brother of these girls, Baldwin Williams, he killed in Leadville, Colorado, in 1891.

Another murder is down on the list as "a man who came to Chicago to attend the Columbian Exposition, but whose name I cannot recall." Holmes says he tried to train this man into an able confederate, but he had not the necessary ability, and, therefore, he killed him.

The Pitezel murders he describes at great length. He says he found Pitezel insensibly drunk in the house on Callowhill street, bound him hand and foot, saturated his face and clothing with benzine and ignited it with a match, burning him alive. Afterwards, he says, when Pitezel was dead, he poured an ounce and a half of chloroform into his stomach, his intention being to deceive the authorities as to the cause of his confederate's death. Howard Pitezel, he says, he poisoned in the house at Irvington and burned his body in the stove. He killed Alice and Nellie Pitezel, he says, by putting them in a large trunk together in the Toronto house and connecting the trunk with the gas fixture by a rubber hose. He turned on the gas and suffocated the little girls.

In concluding his gruesome, shocking narrative he says he intended to kill Mrs. Pitezel by having her walk into a death which he laid for her in the house at Burlington, Vt. "This was my last act," he says, "and, happily, did not have a fatal termination."

Among those who have helped to bring this extraordinary criminal to justice the belief is strong that he killed all the persons he claims to have done away with. They also believe, however, that Holmes has not told the truth in detailing the manner of his murders. In fact, they say the man cannot tell the truth. When making a simple statement he amplifies the facts almost to distortion. This faculty is quite apparent all through the "confession."

He says he poured benzine on Pitezel's face and clothing and ignited it with a match, burning the miserable tool to death. According to the medical testimony at the trial this cannot be so. A burn upon a dead body makes no blister; it simply chars the flesh. Pitezel's face was blackened and charred, showing that it had been burned after death. The clothing was burned very little and there was not the slightest evidence that benzine had been used. This is only one illustration of the value of this "confession."

His object seems to be to prove himself insane. This aim explains the collateral fact that he actually revels in his unique position of wholesale murderer and worse.

The commercial aspect of the case has its interesting features. At a time when a confession would have been most fitting the Philadelphia Ledger sent to Holmes by his lawyer, an offer of $1,000 for the exclusive use of any statement he might care to make if his pleas of "not guilty" were to be withdrawn. This was on the fourth day of the trial, when a conviction on the testimony then in seemed inevitable, but Mr. Rotan was thoroughly convinced of his client's innocence, and declared that there would be no change of plea.

The price paid by the New York Journal has been variously stated from $7,000 to $10,000. Holmes is authority for the statement that $5,000 was the price. He said recently to a prison official that so far as he knew $5,000 was to be the price paid.

There has been a great deal of surprise expressed at the facilities that have been afforded this condemned murderer to set up in authorship in his cell. In writing this "confession" he seems even to have been allowed a photographer for the purpose of illustration.

On Friday last a Philadelphia Ledger reporter visited the county prison with a letter addressed to Holmes by Miss Phila Cigrand of Anderson, Ind., in which she pleaded for information about her sister Emeline.

The friends of Eugene Smith, the carpenter, who discovered the dead body of Pitezel, and who testified against Holmes at his trial, watched for this statement with great interest to see whether or not Holmes would make any mention therein of Smith. It is said that Smith is the man who was to have been killed and substituted for Pitezel; he looked like Pitezel.

It was during the troubled times in the fall of 1894, when many men worked by the hour instead of by the day, and counted themselves fortunate to have work at all, that Smith, who had been out of employment for several days, remembered a little invention on which he had been working for several months, and made up his mind to try to sell it. It was a saw set. Smith had the model in his room at home, but did not take it with him when he tried to find a purchaser.

He spoke of his plan to a friend of his, Mr. Bell, a shoemaker on Callowhill street, and Bell said: "Why, I know the man you ought to see. There's a fellow on Callowhill street, below Broad street, who has put out a sign, 'Patents Bought and Sold'; you might try him." Smith went there, saw Pitezel, who had the name of "Perry" at that time, and was told to come again with the model. He went again during the afternoon and saw Holmes there.

He saw no signal pass between them, but after he had talked with Pitezel for a while he saw Holmes go up stairs. Perry (Pitezel) followed, and they had a long conversation in whispers on the stairs. Smith's business being concluded, Perry asked him to drop in again when he had the chance, to see how the invention was being received. A few days later Smith, at "Perry's" order, put up a rough counter for the inventor, and was asked to come again on the Monday following to nail up some shelves. He was to be there early in the morning, and he agreed to be on hand promptly.

He did not go in the morning, however, and it was not until late in the afternoon that he returned from a fruitless search for work, to see the keeper of the patent agency. Pitezel lay dead up stairs and was not discovered until next day. The rest of the story is familiar to the persons who have read the trial reports attentively, as indeed is most of Smith's evidence.

The Board of Trade Still Working.

A very interesting meeting of the board of trade was held in the board's rooms Friday evening at which there was a very free expression of views as to how the industrial condition of our town might be improved. The outcome of the meeting was the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Board of Trade issue 10,000 shares of stock to be known as the Board of Trade stock and to be sold at $1 per share. The money to be held in trust by a board of trustees appointed by the Board and by them to be loaned to any industry, recommended by the Board of Trade that will locate in our town. And should the Board of Trade decide that a bonus would be better than a loan it shall be instructed to give a bonus by a vote of the majority of the stock. And in the event that none of this fund is invested within two years it shall revert to the original subscribers.

It is understood that no subscriptions are to be paid until $5,000 are subscribed. A committee to canvass for subscriptions was appointed by the chair and is composed of the following named gentlemen: George D. McIlvaine, E. M. Smith, W. H. Walker, D. H. Minnich, N. E. Shade. The committee will get to work in a few days, it is said, and the feeling of the people with means will then be learned as to their interest in the revival of Chambersburg's industries.

School Superintendents.

On Tuesday, May 5, the triennial election of county and borough superintendents of schools in Pennsylvania will take place. There appears to be no opposition to Superintendent Zumbro's re-election as county superintendent. There are, it is said, many candidates for the borough superintendency, the only candidate from Chambersburg being R. S. McElwain one of the borough's most successful teachers. There are many applicants from abroad, a number of which are college graduates. It is said to be the desire of the school board to enlarge the curriculum in the high schools so that graduates may be ready to enter the freshman class in college if they wish to do so. Superintendent Hockenberry has served twelve years consecutively and is not a candidate for re-election.

The Clendenning Case.

The stories as to the cause of the death of Thomas Clendenning, which occurred at Richmond Furnace some weeks ago, and which the papers have told with many sensational features, are still being repeated with many exciting variations as to the cause of the death.

The REVIEW is in receipt of a letter with a postscript or two, stating that there is no truth in the statements that Clendenning was hung up by the heels, but that he was more kindly treated by his companions who took him with them to Somerset, than he was treated at home. He came home February 6 and died March 17. He was just as well and hearty when he came home as when he went to Somerset. He was home over two weeks and took typhoid fever and died three weeks afterward. His comrades paid his way out and his way home also.

When he began to get better the family gave him food that was not suitable for a sick person and he had a relapse. The writer of the letter says that when the boy died she took the family to her home and kept them three nights when others refused to care for them. The letter containing the above and other statements is signed with the name of Mrs. John Butts, and in this is enclosed another from Cramer, Indiana county, signed by James J. Gallaher in which he says he will swear that Clendenning was not hanged by the heels as has been stated. Gallaher was one of Clendenning's companions.

It would seem from these stories that there is some doubt about the statements as to the alleged cruelties and brutality which the young man was made to suffer. As the district attorney of Somerset county has been at work on the case it is probable that the truth will be learned before long.

TOWN AND TOWNSHIP.

The Events of the County as Chronicled by "Review" Correspondents—Summary of the Week's News.

UPPER STRASBURG.

The calithumpians treated John W. Nusbaum of this place to a fine serenade one night last week and after the conclusion of the first part the boys were promptly called in when Mr. Nusbaum generously furnished refreshments.

John D. Mowers met with a painful accident one day last week. A large stone fell on his foot and badly bruised that member.

McClellan B. Miller, of this place, had the body of his eldest child, Bessie, raised from the graveyard at Plainfield, Cumberland county, and brought to the M. E. graveyard at this place on Friday last.

Thursday last Joseph and D. E. Gabler of this place, made a narrow escape from death in the following manner, the former was engaged in ripping a plank on the circular saw, when the saw in some way caught the plank and a piece of it 3 feet 9 inches long 2x3, was hurled through a window, just clearing D. E. Gabler's head; had the missile struck him death would have been instantaneous.

Messrs. Jones and Witherow, of Metal, were visiting relatives in this place Sunday last.

Mr. Naugle, of Metal, was in this place Sunday last and his daughter, Miss Blanche, accompanied him home Monday.

William Stewart who resides midway between Strasburg and Roxbury, is having bad luck with his poultry; twelve choice hens and two fine turkeys have succumbed to the dreadful disease of cholera.

John K. Britton and Mrs. Britton, Chambersburg, were visiting Mr. Britton's parents, Hon. and Mrs. W. W. Britton on Sunday last.—Miss Mary Britton returned from a few weeks' visit in Chambersburg Sunday.

M. D. Miller of this place was summoned to Doylesburg by the illness of his sister, Mrs. Margaret Meredith last Sunday.

Rev. L. F. Snyder, pastor of the Lutheran church, preached a fine and highly interesting sermon Sunday on the Resurrection of Christ.—The week of prayer will be observed next week in the Union church, beginning Sunday night.

Strasburg Council, No. 236, O. U. A. M. is booming right along with the times, having secured the District Deputy for Franklin county, C. N. Miller, of this place, and they are constantly taking in new members; two were initiated into the mysteries of the first degree Tuesday night last, with bright prospects for more next Tuesday night. Long live the O. U. A. M. is our motto; H. A. Miller, C.; W. F. Worthington, V. C.; D. E. Gabler, recording secretary.

QUINCY.

David C. Houser, Grindstone Hill, visited friends Saturday night and Sunday at Fox Hill. From the information we have gathered his visits may result in gaining a loving wife.

Tuesday week the personal property of Mrs. Leah Geesaman was appraised and public sale of the property will be made in the near future.

Isaac D. Shockey, whose serious illness we have mentioned, is not improving at this writing.—Mrs. Emma, wife of John A. McCleary, near Quincy, had been very ill last week. We hope both may recover.

Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Samuel Small, died at the home of her son-in-law, ex-County Commissioner D. M. Lowery, Millbrook, Thursday night last after an illness of several months. She generally enjoyed good health until within the past few years. Old age was the primary cause of her death. She spent the greater part of her life in Quincy township and was a friend to every person with whom she was acquainted. She was well-liked in the community and was a faithful member of the Old Order of German Baptists for many years. She had passed the allotted age, being three score and ten years old. She was buried at Hade's church Monday morning. Her funeral was largely attended. To mourn her loss there survive one son, A. Z. Small, and one daughter, Mrs. Mary Ann Lowery, both of Millbrook.—Mrs. Susan, widow of Andrew J. Dentler, died at her home in Quincy, Friday night last at 12 o'clock after an illness of nine days from pneumonia. She was generally in good health. She was a resident of Quincy for about ten years. She was regarded as one of the finest women in Quincy, always treated everybody kindly and was exceedingly devoted to her family. During her illness she told them she would not recover and wanted them as a family not to break up housekeeping, so that they would have a home and could stay together. She was a good mother and gave good instruction. These children survive her and mourn her loss: William L., Arthur, Eva, Sudie and Blanche at home and Mrs. John Shockey, Waynesboro. She was buried Tuesday morning. Her pastor, Rev. J. A. Adams of the Lutheran church of Quincy, of which she was a faithful member, preached her funeral sermon.—Mrs. Bridget (McGinley) Verdier died Wednesday of last week. She was a woman of very strong constitution until a few years ago. There was not another woman in the county who was so uniformly kind and pleasant to her friends or who entertained so many old and young people at meals. When, as assessor in 1892, we visited her house about 9 o'clock, not having known her before, she insisted on our staying to dinner. For two years afterward she always invited us to dinner, which goes to prove that she surely was a friend of every person. She was a faithful member of the Reformed church of Mont Alto. Her body was buried at Altodale Friday afternoon. Rev. Jonathan W. Miller preached the funeral sermon. James and William, her two sons in Quincy, and a married daughter in Illinois survive her.

D. W. T.

A SUMMER HOTEL.

An Old Hostelrie to be Rebuilt on Tuscarora Mountain—A Delightful Location And Grand Views.

There are many points on the surrounding mountains from which a charming view of the Cumberland valley can be had, extending for scores of miles east and west, and north and south. One of these is from Penmar or High Rock some distance above. Another is from the top of the mountain above Upper Strasburg where one can have a view of the valley north and south extending for many miles. Probably the best view can be had from Mount Parnell, the southern point of the North Mountain where the elevation is as great as at any other point on the mountain, and where was a signal station during the war and at which point signals were received from stations on similar mountain peaks or prominences over in Virginia twenty or thirty miles away. There is no question that from this point the best view of the valley can be had, but the fact that there is no highway leading past this point, detracts somewhat from its value as a point of observation.

The point most accessible—most easily reached because it is on a public highway—from which the widest diversity of scenery can be observed is on the top of the Tuscarora or Cove mountain where the turnpike crosses that mountain on its course from Chambersburg to Bedford or from Baltimore to Pittsburg.

It is said that in the old days of stage coaches when Daniel Webster was on his way from some point west—probably Bedford Springs—to Washington, upon reaching the top of this mountain, he was so much entranced by the view toward sunrise that he had the driver stop the coach and, alighting from the vehicle, walked out upon the grassy slope south of the pike and, inspired by the magnificence of the view before him, he gave utterance to some of the most beautiful sentences that ever passed his lips. It is to be regretted that no one in the party noted down, or was able to remember his utterances upon that occasion. They would be well worth treasuring or printing.

At that time there was a large stone building used as an inn or tavern on the top of the mountain, and there the old Conestoga wagon teams often rested after pulling their loads to the top of the mountain, a distance of over four miles if going westward or over three miles if coming eastward. The writer well remembers the hotel or "tavern" when it was kept by a man named Slates back in the 40's. The last proprietor of the place that he recalls while it was still a public house, though with a much diminished business, was Ellis Hampton, who before that time had resided in or near Fort Loudon. He is still remembered as a kindly, genial host by many of the older people on both sides of Cove Mountain, and some of his children are among the most respected people in Fulton county, now happily married and valuable members in the communities in which they live.

Since that time the old place on top of the mountain has gradually gone into decay, until now the fences about the fields and garden are all broken down or entirely gone, the roof of the house has fallen in, the windows are only gaping holes in the walls as are the doorways also, the floors are rotted out, and only the old massive sandstone walls that were put up as early as 1815 remain, and even the gables of these have been broken in or shattered.

At this point the rugged mountain cliffs and gorges at the lower end of Path Valley can be seen, and also the towering summit of the eastern spur of the Tuscarora Mountain which extends for several miles in a northeasterly direction, as one looks north or northeast. Then looking to the east or southeast the beautiful Cumberland Valley can be seen with its fields and woodlands, to the western slope or summit of the South Mountain, where, on a clear day Penmar and the Blue Mountain House can be distinguished with the naked eye. Except that there is no water visible, no fairer landscape can be presented to the eye in this or any other country. It is a veritable Garden of Eden. Looking westward the beautiful, fertile valley of the Big Cove stretches out to view, than which no other locality on the face of the earth contains better or happier people—no homes are more comfortable and nowhere is the golden rule more strictly adhered to.

On this mountain summit it is proposed to build and furnish a summer hotel. The land on which the old building is located and for some distance north and for several miles south, to where the "Mercersburg pike" crosses the top of the mountain, was purchased several years ago by Capt. Geo. W. Skinner, Hon. D. H. Patterson and others from Fulton county, and parties elsewhere. At the time these gentlemen made their purchase it was thought that a trolley line would soon be built from either Fort Loudon or Mercersburg to McConnellsburg, but this enterprise still sleeps—if it is not entirely dead.

The recent purchase of the John B. Hoke farm on the borders of McConnellsburg by a wealthy gentleman, Mr. Wilson, of Pittsburg, who has become interested in the summer hotel project on top of the mountain, has revived the prospects of building the hotel, and Captain Skinner who was in town Tuesday morning on his way to Fulton county, believes that a summer resort will be built there, as there are several other Pittsburg capitalists who are willing to invest in an enterprise that will give them and their families a delightful place for a summer outing of several months. The location is within easy reach of the fishing grounds of the Aughwick Valley's Game and Fish club where trout of the finest flavor and in generous quantities can be had by the angler who knows how to fish in the mountain streams.

In winter time the proposed hotel would be within only several miles of one of the finest deer stalking sections in the state. Turkeys, pheasants, squirrels and other game also abound in this region, affording fine winter sport for the skillful huntsman who has a keen eye, a steady hand and reasonable powers of endurance to enable him to climb up and down steep and rugged mountain sides.

The spot is historic and charming and no one who can appreciate fine scenery could pass it without having lively emotions awakened. We hope the hotel will be built soon and when it is once completed there is no doubt that it will be readily filled.

Philadelphia Markets.

Wednesday, April 15, 1896.

WHEAT.—No. 2 red, 76; No. 2 steamer red, 73.
CORN.—Southern white 34½; do. yellow 35½.
OATS.—No. 2 white, 26@26½; No. 3 white, 24½@25½; ungraded, 22½@26¾.
RYE.—No. 2 nearby, 42; western, 43¼@45.
FEED.—Bran, 14.50; middlings, $13@14.00.
BUTTER.—Fancy creamery, 19@20c.; Penna prints, 13@14; ladle-packed, 14@15.
EGGS.—Fresh, 11@11½c.
POULTRY.—Live fowls, young chickens, 12@16; hens, 10@—; ducks, 9@10; turkeys, 10@12. Dressed fowls, chickens, —@—; ducks, —@—; turkeys, —@—.
HAY.—Timothy, $15@16; clover, $11@11.50 mixed, $12@13.50; Rye straw, $—@15.50.

CATTLE MARKET.

BEEF CATTLE.—Extra, $4.35@4.50; good, $4@4.25; medium, $3@3.35; thin cattle $2@2.75.
HOGS.—Nearby, $4.00@4.25; roughs, $3@3.55.
SHEEP.—Sheep, 2½@4; lambs, 4@5¼.
MILCH COWS.—Prices ranged from $20@40.

CANDIDATES' ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

P. HEEFNER.

I announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Franklin county, subject to the rules governing Democratic county conventions. I respectfully ask the support of my party.

P. HEEFNER,
Chambersburg, Pa.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice to Taxpayers.

SAVE 5 PER CENT.

In order to give taxpayers the advantage of the abatement of five per cent. now allowed on state and county taxes, I will meet them at the following places:

Fayetteville, Sherman's, May 8, from 7.30 a m to 10 a m.
Altodale, Hallebaugh's, May 8, from 11 a m to 2 p m.
Quincy, Middour's, May 8, from 2.30 p m to 4.30 p m.
Greenvillage, hotel, May 11, from 7 a m to 8 a m.
Mt. Rock, schoolhouse, May 11, from 8.30 a m to 10 a m.
Orrstown, Minter's, May 11, from 11 a m to 3 p m.
Upper Strasburg, Gabler's, May 11, from 4 p m to 8 p m.
Roxbury, Cover's, May 12, from 7 a m to 10 a m.
Amberson Valley, Jones', May 12, from 12 m to 1 p m.
Doylesburg, Clugston's, May 12, from 3 p m to 3.30 p m.
Concord, Miller's, May 12, from 4 p m to 6 p m.
Dry Run, Bair's, May 13, from 7 a m to 12 m.
Spring Run, Welch's, May 13, from 1.30 p m to 2 p m.
Willow Hill, creamery, May 13, from 2.30 p m to 3 p m.
Fannettsburg, Jones', May 13, from 4 p m to 8 p m.
Carrick Furnace, Horning's, May 14, from 8 a m to 8.30 a m.
Loudon, Baer's, May 14, from 10.30 a m to 12 m.
St. Thomas, Brandt's, May 14, from 2 p m to 4 p m.
Lehmaster, Smith's, May 18, from 8 a m to 10 a m.
Upton, Boyd & Frye's, May 18, from 11 a m to 12 m.
Welsh Run, store, May 18, from 2 p m to 4 p m.
Warren, Sylvan, May 19, from 9 a m to 11 a m.
Warren, Jacob Baer's, May 19, from 1.30 p m to 2 p m.
Foltz, store, May 19, from 4 p m to to 4.30 p m.
Mercersburg, Lackhove's, May 20, from 7 a m to 4 p m.
Waynesboro, Leland hotel, May 21, from 8 a m to 4 p m.
Waynesboro, Leland hotel, (for shop hands only) May 21, from 5.30 p m to 8 p m.
Waynesboro, Leland hotel, May 22, from 7 a m to 5 p m.
Greencastle, Mitten's, May 25, from 8 a m to 5 p m.
Greencastle, Mitten's, May 26, from 7 a m to 12 m.
Shady Grove, store, May 26, from 1.30 p m to 3 p m.

Those who pay mercantile licenses will be expected to lift them.

Treasurer's Office, Chambersburg, Pa., April 13, 1896.
A. S. STOVER, Treasurer.

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE—LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL at April term 1896, of Common Pleas Court, commencing on the 1st Monday of May, 1896, being the 4th day of the month:

		No.	Term.	Ye'r.
1.	Daniel Friedly vs. Henry Bare, et al	8	April	1895
2.	Use A. G. McLanahan vs. George F. Bloser	499	April	1895
3.	Mary E. Crist vs. Adam Ankabrandt	246	Sept.	1895
4.	The Quaker City Mutual Fire Insurance Co. vs. Charles E. Evans	278	Sept.	1895
5.	R. P. McFarland vs. W. D. Byron & Sons	59	Dec.	1895
6.	Use George R. Brindle vs. David Poe, et al	211	Dec.	1895
7.	Frederick A. Genth, Jun., vs. Auburn Wagon Co.	43	April	1896
8.	A. W. Miller vs. the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Waynesboro	103	April	1896

Prothon'ry's Office, April 6, 1896.
G. A. HORNBAKER, Prothonotary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel C. Shirley, dec'd., late of Southampton township, Franklin county, Pa., have been granted to William H. Shirley. All persons indebted to said estate will will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them without delay.

WILLIAM H. SHIRLEY,
4-9-96. Administrator.

PROCLAMATION.—To the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the county of Franklin:—Whereas the Honorable John Stewart, President Judge of the 39th Judicial District, composed of the county of Franklin, has issued his precept for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at Chambersburg, for the county of Franklin, to begin the fourth Monday of April, 1896, being the twenty-seventh day of the month, to continue two weeks: You and each of you are hereby and there to appear in your proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with your records, inquisitions, recognizances, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to your several offices appertain to be done.

Given under my hand at Chambersburg the 30th day of December, A. D., 1895.
S. G. GREENAWALT, High Sheriff.

WILLIAM BENDER, - Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF First-Class Carriages!

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1896.

At the old reliable stand of P. H. Peiffer, agent, I will offer at Public Sale at my Coach Factory on Second street, between Market and King, on the above named day a lot of

New Falling-Top Buggies,

of different styles with side bar and elliptic springs, steel axles and tires; oil tempered springs of best quality, trimmed with leather and cloth and best of gum tops and all other material first-class. Also

New Dayton Wagons.

This work has been under way since last fall and is same quality as my custom made work. I do not deal in cheap factory work, but carefully select my own materials of best grade. The work is put up by experienced mechanics under my own supervision.

The Second Hand Work

consists of Jump-seat Carriages and Piano Box Buggies, most of which are newly trimmed all through, new top and inside trimmings, also new wheels and tires and all other repairs necessary. Also one Phaeton and one Dayton Wagon which will give more service than some new ones. The Dayton has a new bed and all new trimmings.

Spring Wagons

with three springs. This work is repaired in the best possible manner and is sure to give satisfaction to purchasers, in every respect. Also one good Road Cart.

Call and inspect this work before day of sale. Any one in need of a Buggy will get a good, honest home-made job at this sale.

All New Work Insured One Year.

I will continue to make to order any kind of vehicle desired, of best materials the market affords.

I extend my thanks for past patronage and solicit a continuance of the same. All kinds of repairing done at most reasonable rates.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known. Regular percentage off for cash.

P. H. PEIFFER, Agent.

VALUABLE MANUFACTURING PLANT AND FRANCHISES will be sold at public sale in Shippensburg, Pa., Tuesday, April 28, 1896, at 1 p. m. Plant consists of 13 acres of land, having erected thereon MACHINE SHOP, 110x32 feet; FOUNDRY, 42x38 feet; SMITH SHOP, 46x32 feet; PATTERN SHOP, 46x32 feet. All one-story brick buildings nearly new. A never-failing stream of about 40 horse-power furnishes the motive power. Shops are equipped with machinery, patterns and appliances for the manufactnre of the celebrated Metcalfe engines, 3 to 35 horse-power. Plant located at Shippensburg, Cumberland county, Pa., 41 miles south of Harrisburg, Pa., on the lines of the Cumberland Valley, Western Maryland and Philadelphia and Reading Railroads, and connected by siding.

NOTE.—A portion of buildings and machinery have been damaged by fire. This property must be sold and affords a rare opportunity to esablish a profitable business.

For further particulars call on or address,
GEO. H. STEWART,
JOHN L. BARNER,
H. R. HAWK,
Committee.

PRIVATE SALE OF A DESIRABLE COUNTRY HOME, one mile from Fannettsburg. Twenty-eight and a half acres good slate land. Recently limed.

NEW WEATHERBOARD HOUSE, six rooms, built six years ago. Pleasant location. A well of excellent water at the door. Good stable and other buildings. A small orchard. Public road passes; good neighbors; limestone convenient. A beautiful stream near the buildings. Nineteen acres mountain land within a mile of farm. Price moderate.

MRS. ELIZABETH BARCLAY,

Chambersburg Markets.

CHAMBERSBURG, Thursday, April 16, 1896.

No. 1. Longberry	.72	Butter	14
No. 1. Foltz	.72	Eggs	10
No. 2. of any kind	.70	Lard	05
Oats	.30	Tallow	09
Rye, new	.40	Bacon-hams	10
Corn	.30	Bacon-shoulder	06
Timothy	1.20	Bacon-sides	03
Clover seed	3.50	Peaches-pared	05
Timothy hay	11.00	Peaches-unpared	
Onions	.35	Cherries-pitted	07
Potatoes	.25	Dried Apples	05
Vinegar	.10	Beans	$1.22

BUY THE BABY
A SOLID SILVER SPOON
on its next birthday and have its name and the date engraved on the Spoon FREE.

Cuts Half Size.

Beaded Spoon 75 cents, full Chased Spoon $1.00 each.

Name and date engraved and mailed on receipt of price.

SOLID GOLD RINGS
for the Babies—"Bless their little hearts" —
Only 19 Cents Each.
Tie a string about finger, cut out the pattern you want and send it to us and we will mail it to you on receipt of price.

GEO. W. LUDWIG, Jeweler,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

EXTRAORDINARY!

The spring and summer stock just arrived at the Boston Clothing House surpasses anything ever exhibited in the line of Clothing in Chambersburg, Pa., and the prices on everything in Men's, Boys' and Children's wear have never been so extraordinary low as that House is selling at now. You will be convinced of the above fact if you call at the

Boston Clothing House,
Chambersburg, Pa.

Special Prices.

Men's	F-Kip	Boot,	-	-	now	$1.49		
"	Light "	"	-	-	"	1.90	were	$2.25
Boy's	F- "	"	-	-	"	1.20	"	1.50
"	" "	"	-	-	"	1.50	"	2.00
Youth's	" "	"	-	-	"	1.00	"	1.25
Women's	Kangaroo Calf Polish		-		now	$1.25	were	$1.50
"	" "	Button	-		"	1.25	"	1.50
"	Oil Grain Button	(best quality)			"	1.25	"	1.50
"	" "	Polish	"	"	"	1.25	"	1.50
"	A-Calf "		-	-	"	.85	"	1.00

And lots of other goods too numerous to mention, to make room for Spring and Summer goods. Now is the time to take advantage of these popular prices.

61 South Main St., Chambersburg, Penn'a.

H. B. GANOE.

DO YOU NEED RED DAMASK?

We have a Bargain that is worth your earliest atttention. STRICTLY FAST RED, Beautiful Patterns, full width and especially cheap.

HOLLAR & NACE,
Cash Dry Goods and Notions.
55 N. Main St.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

WE OFFER our services to the people of Franklin County, promising work which is founded upon years of experience and careful study. The latest methods of scientific embalming employed, if requested, and satisfaction guaranteed. All lines of

FUNERAL SUPPLIES

Will be found at our rooms, including Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Emblems and Flowers. Calls to town or country responded to promptly, day or night.

J. A. SELLERS & BRO.,
Opposite Indian Queen Hotel. No. 165 South Main Street,
Telephone Connection. Chambersburg, Pa.

SPRING CAPES.

A New Line of Silk for Ladies' Waists.

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS IN LIGHT NOVELTIES, ALSO A LINE BLACK NOVELTIES AND MOHAIR AT Pomeroy and Mackey's

The Franklin Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896.

A WORD IN PASSING.

Town and County Briefs With a Bit of Comment—Happenings of the Week and a Forecast of Coming Events.

It is said the Auburn Wagon works will be moved from Greencastle to Martinsburg, Va., next month.

The trout fishing season has opened and those who enjoy that kind of sport, now have the opportunity of doing so.

For want of orders the knitting factory at Newville has shut down for an indefinite time, throwing nearly 100 hands out of employment.

The warm weather which came Monday and has continued since, has developed many cases of "spring fever." Many persons met on the street seem too tired to open their eyes.

The public schools of Mercersburg have made a very liberal contribution to the Children's Home. Supplies of every kind needed at the home have been sent in in most generous quantities.

While at work on the addition to Gerbigs' soap factory on Saturday, Robert Dunkinson, a carpenter, whose home is on Harrison avenue, was thrown from a ladder and painfully bruised. He is out and at work again, however.

Geo. W. Millhouse, near Mt. Rock, has broken ground for a new bank barn 45x75 feet. Jere Rhone of Orrstown is the carpenter. The mason is William Gontz of Scotland. The mechanics are already at work. The barn will be completed before harvest.

The Misses Gettel who live near 'Squire Shirley's in Southampton township, are preparing to build a new frame dwelling 16x24 feet. Wm. Kyle, Chambersburg, is the carpenter. The masons are the Nye brothers near the Orrstown campground.

The Republican conferees of this—the eighteenth—congressional district meets in Lewistown this afternoon to elect two delegates to the National Republican convention at St. Louis. Jno. A. Seiders, Esq., and Jere. B. Rex will probably be elected.

The furniture manufacturing establishment of Joseph Gabler and Son, Upper Strasburg, has been rebuilt and work is going on as usual. The firm has the contract for putting a book case in every one of the 17 school houses in Letterkenny township.

Lewis Ernde, an aged citizen of Hagerstown, committed suicide at his home in that place Monday by hanging himself to a rafter in the stable. He is survived by his widow and nine children. He had been troubled with melancholia for some years.

Surgeon John Stoner of Housum Post G. A. R., has made and erected a beautiful and elaborately ornamented arch over the cannon on the lawn in front of the Post Hall. Comrade Stoner made no charge, but presented the beautiful arch as a gift to the Post.

The Hagerstown Globe says: The Graham Oil company, Hancock, which has sunk a well to the depth of 450 feet at Franklin Mills, eight miles north of Hancock, in Fulton county, announces that unless more land is leased, the project will have to be abandoned.

The Industrial School News published at Scotland by John H. Pomeroy and his staff of students is a very excellent paper. There is not a veteran of the war but would enjoy reading it. The News should have a wide circulation among the soldiers and their descendants especially.

While W. E. Reisner, West Market street, was coupling cars on the W. M. R. R., Sunday afternoon, at Shippensburg, his right hand was caught between the bumpers and two fingers were badly crushed. Mr. Reisner was a brakeman on the W. M. R. R. His injuries will keep him from work for some time.

J. Wilson Witherow, of Metal, has planted a lot of peach trees from which he expects a large yield this year unless untimely frosts should nip them in the bud. Mr. Witherow is constantly adding to the area of his peach orchard and is much encouraged with the prospects of large and regular yields of choice fruit.

Amos Reed, a student at the Indian Industrial school, Carlisle, became intoxicated Saturday night and charges of assault and battery were preferred by David Egolf and Geo. Gebhard. Constable Fred Hays arrested Reed and after securing a commitment from Justice J. B. Martin, incarcerated him in Carlisle jail Sunday morning.

A very pleasing letter was received from Mrs. Jane Everett, of Fannettsburg, on Tuesday last, enclosing a dollar for which she asked that the REVIEW be sent to her for a year. She had seen several copies of the paper and is much pleased with it and congratulates the publisher on furnishing so readable a journal to Franklin county readers.

Dr. Geo. F. Platt last week resigned the superintendency of the Falling Spring Presbyterian Sabbath school after a continuous service of 28 years. His resignation was accepted with reluctance. He is succeeded by J. S. McIlvaine. Commendatory resolutions on Dr. Platt's service were heartily and unanimously adopted by the officers of the school in regular session.

Henry Lenherr, of Housum, carries in his pocket his 25th jury notice. He has served 24 times, and from present indications he is hearty enough to be drawn a dozen times more. And we may say in his favor that he has always been a good juror. He was a grand juror on the Rollins' case. He was drawn on several murder trials but was challenged on every one except the Rhodes' case two years ago. He was foreman on that jury.

The policemen have had considerable trouble with obstreperous persons recently. Scarcely a day has passed lately without some arrests being made, most of which were colored persons who had no regard for the law or its officers. Most of the disorderly parties were taken into custody and put in jail to cool off. The policemen have been very prompt and efficient in maintaining order and are to be commended for their faithfulness in the discharge of their duties.

The talk on Expression given by Miss Rebecca C. Slaymaker on Thursday afternoon and her exercises in physical culture were heard and witnessed by a select audience. Mrs. C. W. Cremer gave the piano accompaniment to the exercises in an excellent manner. Miss Slaymaker appeared in a classic Greek costume and gave the Delsartean movements in a faultlessly graceful manner. All who saw and heard her were delighted with her work. There is scarcely a doubt that she will have large classes in Expression and elocution. The charge is $5 for twenty lessons.

The Echo-Pilot has started a campaign against roudyism in Greencastle. It has already brought several young men in that town to see that they cannot paint the place red without paying the penalty for their misconduct. The publisher announces his determination to have good order in the town "if the campaign continues until our eyes grow dim in the service."

The attention of those who purpose attending the Keene performance Tuesday next is called to the sale of reserved seats which will open at Miller's pharmacy at 7 o'clock Friday evening. The advance demand for seats is large, and those desiring choice sittings must be there early. The prices of reserved seats are respectively 75 and 50 cents, general admission 25 cents. In many of his performances Keene is equal to Kellar and he gives some new performances that are said to be more marvelous than anything Kellar has ever given here.

Levi Miller, of Mifflin township, Cumberland county, was seriously and probably fatally injured on Monday while working at a saw mill about four miles north of Newville. The saw struck a rather heavy piece of timber and hurled it, end foremost, against Mr. Miller, striking him on the side of the face fracturing his upper and lower jaws, and rendering him unconscious for quite a while. A gash five inches long was cut in the side of the face and neck. His shoulder and chest were also injured. Mr. Miller is nearly 60 years of age, and fears are entertained that he may not recover.

Col. John A. Cockerell, one of the ablest newspaper correspondents in the United States, died in Cairo, Egypt, on Friday night of apoplexy. He was born in Dayton, Ohio, in 1845; in 1861 he left college and became a drummer boy in the Union army. After the war he became a printer; next he was a clerk in the U. S. Senate; then he was a partner of Clement L. Vallandingham in the publication of the Dayton Empire, a Democratic paper. Later he became managing editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer; afterward he edited in turn the Washington Post, the Baltimore Gazette, St. Louis Post-Dispatch, The New York World, the New York Morning Advertiser, and at the time of his death was working for The New York Herald. He was one of the brightest newspaper men in the country.

DEPARTMENT ORDERS

For the Coming Encampment of the G. A. R. in June.

We make extract from General Orders No. 16, dated Philadelphia, April 13. After stating that quarters will be provided on application and tents also on a magnificent camping ground, the orders state that—

The railroad rates for the encampment have been fixed at one fare for the round trip, to be sold good going May 30th to June 6th, good returning to and including June 8th. The railroad companies have provided two routes for returning from Chambersburg—one route being direct, the other via Gettysburg. Comrades and friends who contemplate participation at Chambersburg should early arrange as to whether they will return direct or via Gettysburg. Inquiry at local railroad stations will determine the exact amount of fare.

The comrades and citizens of Chambersburg and Franklin county propose to make the Thirtieth Encampment both interesting and entertaining; in fact they assert that it will be the best Department Encampment ever held. The hospitalities of southern Pennsylvania are boundless, the streets and the lanes of Chambersburg partook of the war, the roads lead from it to Antietam, South Mountain, Gettysburg, Harper's Ferry, Winchester and other places familiar and historic, and the Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School (at Scotland) is but five miles from Chambersburg—accessible by rail or drive and will repay a visit.

On June 5th the Gettysburg Battle Field Association will dedicate monuments to those distinguished Pennsylvania soldiers, Major Generals George G. Meade and Winfield S. Hancock, at Gettysburg, and every old soldier is cordially invited to participate in the ceremonies to which all friends of the veterans will be welcome.

The Committee of Arrangements at Chambersburg has provided for excursions by rail and otherwise to battlefields, camps, bivouacs and other places of interest readily accessible and at low rates of fare.

A New Chief Clerk in the Postoffice.

We see it stated that Postmaster Houser has appointed his daughter, Miss Mary Houser, as chief clerk in the postoffice to succeed D. K. Myers, who has resigned. Mr. Myers has held a clerical position in the postoffice for ten years, first under Postmaster Sweney, then under Mr. McKnight and for more than a year under Mr. Houser. This position, we are informed, is the only one not governed by the civil service. Miss Houser the new appointee, is about 17 years of age, bright and intelligent and is now learning the duties of the position she is to fill. Mr. Myers will remain in the office a short time until his successor becomes familiar with her duties.

Getting Ready For the Encampment.

The various committees having in charge the arrangements for the G. A. R. encampment are all working busily and everything is going forward nicely. Already accommodations have been provided for more delegates than are likely to attend, and for hundreds of others besides not including the members of the Ladies' G. A. R. circle and the Women's Relief corps who have also been provided for by the ladies of the town. The matter of securing subscriptions also goes forward encouragingly. There is no longer a doubt that Chambersburg will feed and lodge all who come, though it is believed that the attendance will be larger than at any encampment held in the state for years.

At the Court House.

Since April 8th letters have been granted on the following estates:

Letters of administration on the estate of James Hay, late of Hamilton township, dec'd., to George F. Arris.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John E. Crawford, late of Greene township, dec'd., to Mary Ellen Crawford.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Butler, late of Guilford township, dec'd., to Maria Butler.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Ann Rupley, late of Greencastle, dec'd., to Jacob Pensinger.

Mary Walters has brough suit in assumpsit against John Walters, executor of the last will and testament of Mrs. Rebecca Fuller. dec'd.

John H. Beard, jr., has brought suit in assumpsit against John Bowders, administrator of Elizabeth Bowders, dec'd.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Items of Interest About You and Our Friends and Those Whom We All Know.

Col. Dixon of St. Thomas, shook hands with many friends while in town Tuesday.

Rev. J. Smith Gordon, of Fannettsburg, was a business visitor to Chambersburg Tuesday.

Prof. Samuel Gelwix is said to be recovering from his illness, though rather slowly. We will be glad to hear of his early restoration to health.

Mrs. James H. Aughinbaugh and her grandson, Master James Scheuster, returned from Philadelphia last week after a protracted visit in that city.

John Neal, of Spring Run, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. J. C. Moorhead and other members of the family were in town on business over Tuesday night.

W. S. McAllen, of Fannettsburg, has been a business visitor to Chambersburg for several days. Mr. McAllen resides on his beautiful farm a mile northeast of Fannettsburg.

John Stoey, son of Dr. O. P. Stoey, of Roxbury, has entered the preparatory department of Dickinson College. He is an intelligent young man and will be well liked.

In remitting her subscription to the REVIEW, Mrs. Emma J. Rosenberry, Fort Loudon, expresses herself as very much pleased with the new paper and wants to read it every week.

Captain Geo. W. Skinner, pension agent at Pittsburg, was in town a few hours Tuesday morning on his way to Fulton county where he will remain until next week.

Miss Grace Stewart, of Willow Hill, sends along her subscription to the REVIEW. She has been reading it for some weeks and says it meets her ideal of a first-class home paper.

A. O. Pyles, of Pittsburg, sends along his check in payment of a year's subscription to the REVIEW which he thinks will furnish him the Franklin county news in which he is most interested.

W. G. Irvin, of Willow Hill, was an agreeable caller at the REVIEW office Thursday evening. He is one of Metal township's best teachers and was on his way to the C. V. State Normal at Shippensburg where he will be a student during the present term.

James Jones, of Metal, was a business visitor to Chambersburg Saturday. He left a dollar at the REVIEW office to show his appreciation of the new paper. His son, Geary Jones, is sorely afflicted with rose cancer; he is making his home with his parents who deeply sympathize with him in his sufferings.

Howard O. Lautz, Esq., of Lewistown, Pa., district attorney of Mifflin county, made a brief visit to Chambersburg Tuesday and called upon J. A. Seiders, Esq., and other Republican politicians. He was selected by the Republicans of Mifflin county as their candidate for national delegate. He was a law student of Hon. H. J. Culbertson.

Dr. W. H. Brosius, of Mont Alto, and his beautiful little daughter, Pansy, were delightful callers at the REVIEW office Saturday, when the doctor settled a year's subscription to the paper which he says is a welcome weekly visitor to his home. Pansy is one of the sweetest of little girls and was very much pleased with her visit. She was five years old in October last.

W. Lee Bergstresser, a hustling merchant of Waterfall, Fulton county, stopped in Chambersburg last week on his way to and from Philadelphia where he purchased his stock of spring goods. Mr. Bergstresser and the publisher of the REVIEW have been friends since the former was a tow-headed school boy more than twenty-five years ago. We heartily wish him continued and increased prosperity.

It was a real pleasure to have a visit from Andrew Jackson Lear, a native of Antrim township but a long time resident of Fulton county. Though sixty-six years of age Comrade Lear would pass for a score of years less. He is an ardent Democrat and rarely mutilates his ticket. He has been visiting relatives for some weeks in "County Antrim" and was accompanied on his visit to the office by W. J. Lear, Jun., his nephew.

A. B. Shively, of Fayetteville, one of Fayetteville's veterans, was a hurried caller at the REVIEW office Saturday. He took time to drop a dollar and carry with him a receipt for a year's subscription. Mr. Shively has been one of Fayetteville's successful teachers for years. In his boyhood he was a playmate of some of the boys, who served gallantly in the 11th Penna. cavalry and was himself a soldier in the war for the Union. He will never forget some of his exciting war experiences.

James S. Vanderau, son of J. F. Vanderau, proprietor of the Union Hotel, was married Tuesday evening to Miss Grace Marshall, daughter of F. A. Marshall, the Market street saddler. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Herbert Alleman in his study. After the ceremony the young couple drove in a carriage to their new home on West Market street which had been fitted up for their reception before hand. They are a very worthy couple and have the hearty good wishes of many friends.

Geo. W. Geyer, of Stenger, was in town Monday on business. Mr. Geyer rarely comes to town except on business and while here he has no idle moments. He is getting ready to peel a large quantity of bark this spring and has his hands engaged. Mr. Geyer is interested in the extension of the telephone line from Greenvillage to Upper Strasburg or Fannettsburg, and believes that such a line should be built. On his immense tracts of timber lands he has lots of nice young chestnut from which poles could be furnished at very low prices. He furnished many heavy poles for the telegraph lines that run west from Shippensburg across the mountains. These poles are among the finest to be seen upon any telegraph line in the country.

A Human Brute Lodged In Jail.

The Hagerstown Morning Herald of Tuesday says: "John Frazier, a negro aged about thirty years, was quietly lodged in jail at Frederick, Sunday evening, on the charge of attempting to outrage little Nellie Padgett, the six-year-old daughter of Mr. John Padgett, who lives near Adamstown. Frazier worked on Mr. Padgett's farm and on Sunday evening he enticed the little girl into the barn and into the loft. She was found there by her father who was attracted by her screams.

The fiend was captured at once and taken to jail as quietly as possible. His whereabouts are kept secret and the papers of that city reiterate the statement that the child was not injured and that the offender will be visited with the fullest extent of the law. Every precaution has been taken to prevent all outbreak of violence as the last criminal of this character in that county had but a short shrift and fared badly.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

Those Who Have Passed to the Great Beyond—The Death Record In Franklin County and Elsewhere.

Rev. H. B. Winton died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. E. Henderson, Allegheny City, Pa., April 1st. He was born in Mansfield, Ohio, over 70 years ago. His boyhood days were spent in that city. When he was 18 years old he went west and traveled through Indiana and Illinois. Upon his return he taught school and began preparation for the ministry. He has preached in many Lutheran churches in this county and state, and was burned out in Chambersburg during the war. Latterly he has been engaged in mission work in Allegheny and vicinity. A wife and nine married children survive him. He was buried April 4 at Mansfield, Ohio, beside his father, mother and one brother who were buried there over 40 years ago. He had been preaching over fifty years and has filled many important charges, the last being Kountz Memorial church Osneburg, Ohio. He was an uncle to Anson Winton, the grocer on South Main street, Chambersburg.

He is survived by the following named children: Mrs. Rev. Frank Weatherwax, Michigan; Mrs. A. E. Henderson, Allegheny City; Markwood Winton, Denver, Col.; Mrs. G. M. Eitemiller, Pittsburg, Pa.; Mrs. James J. Dunlap, Lemaster, Pa.; Chas. H. Winton, Indiana, Pa.; Mrs. John S. Lucock, Pittsburg; Pa.; Horace A. Winton, Pittsburg, Pa.; Frank Winton Allegheny City.

Some years ago Rev. Winton served Fort Loudon charge of the Lutheran church in connection with the congregation in McConnellsburg, and at both places his ministry was very successful.

***

Mrs. Daniel M. Rumler died at her home at Housum on Friday morning April 10, 1896, aged about 70 years. She had been in declining health for a number of years, she suffered greatly from insomina. Her children are Mrs. I. James Schaff, Chambersburg; Mrs. John Sites, Housum; Mrs. Annie Bitner, at home, and one son, Cyrus, near Crider's church. She was a member of the Radical U. B. church. The funeral services were held in the new church near Housum; interment in Coble's graveyard, Monday.

***

Mrs. Howard Kirk, sister of Mrs. A. A. Kirk of Guilford Springs, died at her home near Warfordsburg, Fulton county, March 31. She leaves a husband and a family of children to mourn her untimely death. Mrs. Kirk was an estimable christian lady and is sadly missed in the community of which she was a valuable member. Her three brothers, all of whom reside in Chicago, attended her funeral.

***

A. J. Fore died at his home near Knobsville, Fulton county, on Sunday, April 12, aged about 76 years. He is survived by three children, Mrs. Charles McGehee and A. J. Fore, jr., of Burnt Cabins, and Mrs. D. W. Gipe of Markes, this county. His wife was a daughter of the late Josiah Allen of Hamilton township, hence by marriage he had a number of relatives in this county. Mrs. Daniel Sellers of St. Thomas was a sister-in-law and William Allen a brother-in-law of the deceased. His wife died probably ten years ago. Mr. Fore was regarded as probably the wealthiest man in Fulton county. He owned several farms in the county and had a number of other investments. He is survived also by two brothers, Daniel E. Fore, Esq., and Hon. John M. Fore, and one sister, Miss Barbara. He was an excellent accountant and a good surveyor. He also served as justice of the peace for a number of years.

The funeral took place on Tuesday, interment in the Fore family burying ground on the mansion farm of the Fore estate.

A number of years ago Mr. Fore was stricken with apoplexy and while he rallied from this affliction, he never entirely recovered. Afterward he suffered other attacks which disabled him more and more and eventually caused his death.

***

We regret to announce the death of Mrs. M. F. Doyle, wife of the foreman of the Fulton Democrat, who held that position for over ten years when the writer was publisher of that paper. Mrs. Doyle was above forty years of age; she leaves a husband and five children, the youngest of whom is a baby only a few days old. Mrs. Doyle died on Saturday night just before midnight. She had been afflicted with the grippe for some months and, it is thought, this hastened her death. There is much sympathy with Mr. Doyle and his family in their bereavement. The funeral took place on Monday from her late residence in McConnellsburg.

***

David A. Wertz, brother of Ex-Deputy Collector Hiram E. Wertz of Quincy, died at his home in Philadelphia, Monday evening, aged over 70 years. He was a native of this county, having been born in Quincy township. In early life he was a farmer and afterward went into the newspaper business. During a portion of the period of the war he was a clerk in the Provost Marshall's office in Chambersburg under Capt. George Eyster. After being engaged in other occupations after the war some time he was again in the employ of Mr. Eyster, if we are not mistaken, in the mint in Philadelphia. Before that time he had been in the custom house in that city. He remained in the mint until recently when impaired health compelled him to resign his position. Last year he spent sometime with friends in the county and received kindly greetings from many friends. His body was brought to the home of his brother, Hiram E. Wertz at Quincy, and his funeral took place there today (Thursday). He was a member of the Lutheran church.

***

Laura, the wife of William Rosenberry, died at her home between Fort Loudon and St. Thomas, on Sunday, after a short illness. She leaves her husband and a four-year-old child, besides her parents and other friends to mourn her untimely death. Mrs. Rosenberry was the daughter of John W. Gillan of Mercersburg. Her husband is the son of Levi Rosenberry of Fort Loudon, who recently lost his oldest son and his wife. The funeral took place Wednesday. Mrs. Rosenberry was nearly 30 years of age.

***

Mrs. Kate Eyler, wife of Ephraim Eyler, proprietor of the American House, Hagerstown, died at her home 203 West Franklin street, in that place Sunday afternoon, at 4:30 o'clock, aged about 41 years, of a cancerous trouble. She was a Miss Alter before marriage, a native of Greencastle, and leaves the following brothers and sisters: Jacob Alter, Upton; David Alter and John Alter, Chambersburg; Simon Alter, Philadelphia; Mrs. Small, Chambersburg and one sister in the west. She was a member of the United Brethren church. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon; interment at Greencastle.

***

Mrs. Susan High died at the home of her son, Henry High, near Williamson, on Monday, after being ill quite a while. Her age was about 70 years. The funeral took place yesterday (Wednesday) at Fayetteville, the burial was in the Lutheran graveyard.

FINE MILLINERY!

The Largest Stock, Latest Designs In Summer Hats.

Beautiful and Fashionable Trimmings and supplies of all kinds.

The Oldest Establishment in Chambersburg.

Prices the most reasonable.

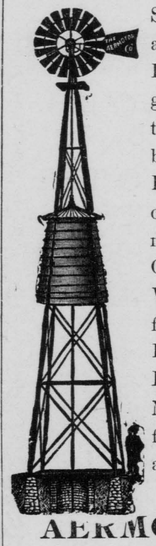
Satisfaction Assured.

You are cordially invited to call.

MRS. S. LEVAN,
South Main St.,
Chambersburg, Pa.

The Attention of Farmers

is called to the list of Farm Implements and Machinery which I have on hand or can supply promptly on orders.



Syracuse Plows and Harrows, Hench & Dromgold's Cultivators, D. M. Osborne & Co.'s Harvesting Machinery, Bickford & Huffman Grain Drills, Wagons for the farm and road, Pumps, Wind Engines, Feed Mills, The "Perfect Washer" and the celebrated

AERMOTOR

for pumping or driving many kinds of machinery.
It will pay you to see me.
Don't forget to call.

J. RUSH GILLAN,
33 North Main St.,
Chambersburg, Pa.

Economize in Clothing

By having your clothes Repaired, Steamed, thoroughly Cleaned and Pressed, and made

To Look Like New

and be almost as good.
Work Guaranteed.
Prices Always Right.

Ed. T. Henneberger,
German St. East of Main,
Chambersburg, Pa.

WALL PAPER, CARPETS and MATTINGS.

I now have my full line of Wall Papers and Decorations in for the Spring trade and can show you the largest assortment and greatest variety of patterns in all the new colorings ever offered in the Cumberland Valley.

Over 25,000 pieces Wall Paper in stock. 6000 pieces new Mica and Gilt Papers selling at 5, 6, 7 and 8c. piece; as handsome as you will find elsewhere at double the price.

3000

pieces very fine Solid Gold Papers reduced from 40, 50 and 60c. piece to 10, 12, 15 and 20c. piece to close out.

5000

pieces Wall Paper at 10, 12 and 15c. piece; as handsome patterns and colorings as you can buy at any price.

2000

pieces Felt Papers in all the new shades, with finest friezes and ceilings to match that we have ever offered.

10,000

pieces of fine Pressed, Velour, Leather, Lacquer, Cartridge, Embossed and Gold Papers at the lowest prices that they have ever sold.

March Bargains

IN MATTINGS.

60 rolls (40 yds. each) going at $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00 per roll. Call and see them before best patterns are sold.

75 Rolls—4500 yds. Tapestry Brussels Carpet.

Bought before the advance in price, going at 50, 55, 60 and 65c., during this month.

50 Rolls—3000 Yards

best quality Tapestry Brussels going at 70 and 75c. yard. Same quality goods sold last season at 85, 87½ and 90c.

J. SIERER,
No. 54 South Main St.,
Chambersburg, Pa.

OH, THESE MARCH WINDS! HOW THEY DO CUT!

Makes the skin hard and rough. This is the month the women all wear veils and gloves. The men can wear gloves, but alas, no veils, so they get the full benefit.

Orange Flower Balm

will keep the skin soft and smooth, and is useful to both men and women.
15 cents a bottle at

Greenawalt's
Drug Store,
On The Diamond.

VALLEY NATIONAL BANK.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA., March 25, 1896.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a dividend of three (3) per centum for the six months ending March 31, was declared out of earnings for said period.

JOHN R. ORR,
Cashier.

SOLLENBERGER'S

DRESS GOODS.

The newest things in Dress Goods can now be seen on our counters, including a choice line of stuffs for spring wear.

Looks Like Silk.

Ask to see our line of Chameleon Moire and Tassar Silks. Our price 9 cents the yard.

D. D. SOLLENBERGER.

Have You Seen Them?

If Not You've a Pleasure Before You.

The Best in town, spread out in bewildering array is our

Fall and Winter Stock

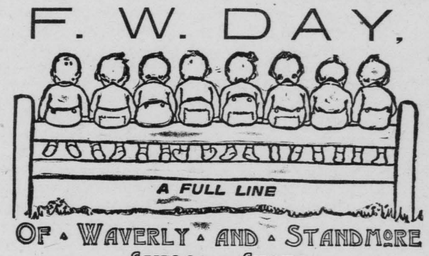
Of Men's and Boy's Clothing and Gents Furnishing Goods.

Our Stock of Piece Goods cannot be excelled.

Ever Late in Style and Rich in Quality

ADAM LOHMAN,
SOUTH MAIN ST.

F. W. DAY.



OF WAVERLY AND STANDMORE SCHOOL SHOES.

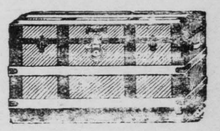
As well as other makes of

BOOTS AND SHOES

From the best Manufacfurers.

HATS and CAPS
In all Grades.

If you want a good strong Trunk or fine Satchel and Telescope give us a call.



F. W. DAY.
27 S. MAIN ST.

This is the
PROPER SHAPE
for
SPRING and SUMMER

"SHADE'S SPECIAL."

We have them in all colors and at all prices.

SHADE
The Hatter.

LIGHTNING STRIKES TWICE IN THE SAME PLACE.

Again we have been visited by a disastrous FIRE, this time doing us more than double the damage it did a few months ago. Not only were we damaged to a much larger extent but all our

IMMENSE NEW STOCK OF DRY GOODS
Dress Goods and Notions

for the Spring trade were opened only a few days before the fire occurred.

What follows this fearful loss? That our stock must be closed out in less than half the time it was before. Our goods are still wet and what were left dry at the time of the fire the recent rains have damaged to some extent. We now have a temporary roof over the store and

SATURDAY, APRIL 4

we will be ready for the waiting multitudes that are crowding our doors for admittance,

Experience costs money but it teaches us the value of having more help at "Fire sales," and this time you may crowd us all you will for we will be prepared with a score of willing salesmen.

The bargains we gave you before are still fresh in your memory, but my friends, it only gave you a small idea of the sacrifice we are compelled to make this time.

Our time for selling is shorter and our stock not only larger but newer and more attractive goods were crowded in our store this time than ever in the history of our business. Goods that were sold at half price before, this time will be almost given away to make them go quickly, knowing as we do that the longer they are on our shelves the worse they may get.

If they are bought quickly and dried at home they will be good as ever. We have neither time nor room for drying them.

The most wonderful and greatest sacrifice known to modern merchandising will commence in our store Saturday, April 4, and continue until every piece of goods in the store is sold.

Don't wait; come early, and remember that at our former fire sale hundreds were disappointed because they waited too long and the goods were all sold.

Yours truly,

W. O. APPENZELLAR,
Dry Goods and Notions, Center of Square,
Chambersburg, Pa.

LOOK RIGHT AT US!

D. C. EBERSOLE & CO.,

For We Have Something Important to say. We Carry the Following Leaders:

The Aultman Co. Engines, Threshers, Clover Hullers, Saw Mills, Stone Crushers and Street Machinery.

Jones ever Plano Binder and Chain Mower.

Smith Six and Seven Foot Horse Rakes and Eureka Mowers.

The Mountville Steel Share Plows.

South Bend, Oliver and other Plows.

Riding and Walking Cultivators.

Single and Double Shovel Plows, Spring Harrows, Corn Shellers, Feed Cutters, Wagons, Buggies, Coal, Lumber, Phosphate, Plaster, Oils, Leather and Rubber Belting and Hose.

Repairs made to all machinery.

D. C. EBERSOLE & Co.,
Nos. 2 and 4 Market St.,
Opposite Western Maryland Station. **Chamberburg, Pa.**

The Franklin Review.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896.

CHURCH AND SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The Lesson For Sunday, April 19.

International lesson for Sunday, April 19, 1896, from Luke 15: 11-24. Title: The Lost Found. Golden text: "There is joy in the presence of the angels of God over one sinner that repenteth."

We feel that we cannot make the lesson more interesing to our readers in any other way than by giving them the "Hints for the Intermediate Teacher" by Faith Latimer, as she gives them in the Sunday School Times. The "Hints" which she gives the teacher will answer for many pupils also. They are as follows:

The wonderful parable of our present study has often been called "the pearl of parables." No words can improve its beauty or the plainness of its meaning, and the scholar whose heart is impressed by it has gained a life treasure.

Call attention to the two parables which precede this one in the same chapter.

All three tell of the lost found, of glad rejoicing over the found and saved. As we study this parable, see if you can find the picture of an earthly home and a heavenly, of a loving earthly father and a heavenly, of wilful wandering and want, confession of sin, of welcome and forgiveness, of joy on earth and joy in heaven.

The Lost Sheep.—In the first parable in this chapter, how many sheep did the shepherd have in his care? How many had wandered away? Does it seem as if one sheep from a hundred would be much loss? And yet the kind shepherd left the ninety-nine to go and search for the lost one, and when he found it, singing for gladness he carried it safely back to the fold. Then he called his friends and neighbors to rejoice with him. What is the meaning of "likewise," as Jesus ended the parable of the one sheep in a hundred?

The Lost Money.—Jesus then told of a woman who had ten pieces of silver,—perhaps her most precious treasure, a birthright or a wedding-gift; for money was not plentiful in those days, or in the homes of that land. Whether by her own carelessness or through fault of another, one piece was lost. How did she search to find it in some dark corner or out-of-the-way place? When found, what did she say to her friends and neighbors? How did Jesus use the word "likewise" again, in the story of one coin in ten?

The Lost Son.—From the sheep of least value, and one among many, then one precious thing among ten, Jesus went on to tell a story of one of two sons. In a home of comfort and wealth enough to provide for every want and rightful pleasure, a man had two sons. They had outgrown their boyhood and grown to be men capable of thinking and planning each for himself, but yet under their father's guidance and counsel. The younger one became impatient at his father's control, and longed to get away from home and do just as he pleased. One day he asked his father to give to him the share of the property which would be his portion. The father gave him what he asked. We do not know the farewell words or warnings, or the prayers that followed the son when he left his childhood's home and his father's roof.

In a Far Country.—Not many days after he received his new possessions, he gathered all together,—his clothing, his money, some of it perhaps in precious stones and gold, such as travelers often carried secretly, to be used as money. The son, weary of being bidden where to go or what he should not do, was his own master, free to travel from place to place in search of new pleasures. He did not care what his wild life cost, so long as he found gay companions like himself to eat, drink and be merry. Nor did he care for expense while he was doing whatever he chose, and could pay for having "a good time."

In Want.—But the day came when the wanderer had spent all. There was a famine in the land; he was in want. The gay companions had no friendship for him; money, fine clothing, pleasure, comfort, all were gone. He must starve, or find employment. At last he hired himself to work like a common slave for a citizen of that country, and he sent him into his fields to feed swine. No work could be so despised, no animal so disgusting to a Jew, and yet, in his hunger, he envied the repulsive creatures the very husks he flung to them as they wallowed in the mire. (Many teachers can procure from travelers, or cabinets of specimens, some of the seed-pods of the caroh-tree, a sort of locust, now used for feeding cattle. These can be an object lesson for the class, as also many pictures of scenes in the prodigal's life.)

"He Came to Himself."—No mortal eye pitied him, no hand reached out towards him, but in his misery he had time to think, to remember, to reason, to see himself in his true condition, to resolve what to do. As he thought of past years, he said to himself, "How many hired servants of my father's have bread enough and to spare, and I perish with hunger?" Starving, seeing his folly, blaming only himself, there was but one thing he could do,—return, confess, then ask for mercy. Was there a thought of God, who had not forgotten him in all his course of evil? Do you find in his words any confession of sin against God? What did he resolve to say to his father? What would he ask his father to do for him?

Compassion.—"He arose and came to his father." Who saw him afar off? How did he meet the ragged, barefooted wanderer? Did the son say to the father all the words he had prepared to say? Instead of making the son a servant, what did the father bid the servants do for the son? Why did the father say his friends should feast and rejoice with him? The meaning of this picture is so plain that Jesus did not need to repeat the "likewise" after this parable. The son who had wilfully sinned repented, received his father's compassion, was given a robe, shoes, a ring,—a mark of love, and proof that he was more than ever a son, with right to bear his father's name,—had a welcome and a home.

Likewise our heavenly Father speaks to every returning child: "I will be a Father unto you, and ye shall be my sons and daughters, saith the Lord Almighty."

Dr. Wm. F. Teeter, 209, South Main street, Chambersburg, Pa. Painless extraction, fine fillings, crown and bridge work, artistic artificial teeth. All work guaranteed. Won't be underbid in prices. 20 years' experience with all the latest and best approved methods in dentistry.
Oct. 5 tf..

The Fighting Zouaves.

Perhaps the most famous body of soldiers of modern times has been the French corps called the zouaves. This body of daring and picturesquely attired fighters reached the height of its reputation in the Crimean War, in 1855, which was fought between the Russians on one side and the Turks, French, English and Italians on the other. The zouave corps at that time was supposed to consist of Frenchmen, but was really quite international. Many daring young foreign adventures had joined it, and it was known to include in its ranks graduates of Oxford, Paris, Gottingen and many other universities. It is probable that a majority of its members were in it more for love of fighting than for love of country.

Under such circumstances, it is not strange that its fame as a fighting body should have spread all over the world. When the Civil War broke out in the United States, several corps of zouaves, who wore the glittering Oriental uniform of the French corps, or a modification of it, were formed on both side of the conflict. Generally this uniform consisted of baggy red trousers, short blue braided jacket, gaiters and close fitting cap with a sort of a tail hanging down behind the head.

One of the most famous of these small corps of zouaves was that commanded by Elmer Ellsworth, a young New Yorker. He was the first officer killed on the Union side in the war, and for that reason his name was lived as a popular hero. On the Confederate side the "Louisiana Tigers" were a famous corps of zouave fighters.

As the war went on, and hard work, persistent endurance, bravery in merely standing up to be shot, and suppression of self became the cardinal virtues of a soldier, rather than mere "dash" or picturesque audacity, the zouave uniform disappeared, and the name, so far as America was concerned, became almost forgotten.

In France, however, the zouave name and uniform still survive. Only lately the French Government has ordered home from Algeria a single company from each of the several zouave battalions, to be stationed in detached parts of France and used as the neuclei of new zouave corps in case of war with any foreign country. The way in which the French military men induce emulation among the diverse corps of their army is illustrated by a history of the Second Zouaves, a corps serving in Africa, which was lately told in Paris.

During a long and terrible march in Algeria, under a blistering sun, this corps had been following all day a battalion of famous marchers, the Eighth Chasseurs a pied, or long-legged "toot cavalry." Both corps were tired, hungry, faint and inclined to complain. The zouaves averaged much shorter and squattier men than the foot chasseurs.

Toward evening the expedition arrived near a town. The commandant of the chasseurs halted them, and made a speech, couched in slangy terms such as would please the men, asking them if they wished to make an entry into this town worthy of the best marches in the army.

"Yes!" the chasseurs answered.

So he reformed them in parade order, and with bugles blowing, they marched into the town, though every man was half dead, at a springing quickstep.

The zouaves, who were close behind, saw this with indignation. Their Colonel halted them, too, and made them a speech in French which would translate in English about as follows:

"Look at that, you rascals! Are you going to take the bluff of a set of gawks like these?"

"Never!" the zouaves screamed.

So their Colonel had the roll sounded.

These zouaves, like all others, have a sort of "gymnastic drill," in which they do a great deal of running and some very active manipulation of their muskets. The order for this drill was given.

So the zouaves, who but a moment before had been ready to sink, entered the town at a prancing run, swinging their guns about fantastically. And the chasseurs were duly humiliated.—Youth's Companion.

Easter Number of the New York Ledger.

The Easter Number of the New York Ledger has a remarkably beautiful design on its cover—a girl holding down a bough of apple blossoms that completely enshroud the youthful figure, which treads upon spring flowers and grasses.

This number of the Ledger has a charming story, entitled "Her Easter Gown," by the author of "Jack's Easter Hymn," on its first page; delightful Easter poems by Mrs. Kidder and Mary Mitchel; an interesting article on "The Moral and Religious Character of Abraham Lincoln," by Rev. S. T. Willis; continued stories by Laura Jean Libbey, Seward W. Hopkins, John R. Musick and Effie Adelaide Rowlands, together with the Woman's World. Answers to Correspondents, Children's Column, Short Stories and much interesting miscellany. The price of the Easter Number is 5 cents.

These Believe in Matrimony.

Four mothers were discussing the present training and possible futures of their children.

"The height of my ambition," said the first, "is to get my four daughters married by the time they are eighteen."

"Yes," chimed in the second, "Dr. Parkhurst is exactly right. There is no career like marriage for a woman."

"If I didn't think there was a good man growing up somewhere for my little girl I would be miserable," said No. 3, as she patted the golden curls of a tiny maiden at her knee.

"You are right. No woman doctors and woman lawyers for me," said the fourth matron with dignified emphasis.

To any one familiar with the histories of these women, their opinions would furnish food for serious reflection. The first speaker had married a man who had never made a living for his family, except in rare and brief intervals of good luck. From the affluence of her maiden days she had descended to such depths of poverty that at one time she was forced to sell cakes on the streets to keep her children from starving.

The husband of the second was a man whose salary gave his family a comfortable living for the first ten years of their married life, but he was stricken with paralysis before the prime of life. The eldest child, a boy of great promise, died at the age of twelve, the father followed him in a few years, and the wife was left to support three young children and herself as best she could.

The third was the widow of a brilliant professional man. She had $20,000 in her own right. Her husband ran for some office, was defeated, took to gambling and drinking, and died of delirium tremens in a few years. She, too, had to solve the problem of making a living for herself and two small children.

The fourth woman had married rather late in life a widower of small means and mediocre talents, and after six years of wedded life she had put on widow's weeds and entered the lists of the breadwinners on behalf of four children, all girls, and one of them a helpless idiot.

All four had laid health, beauty and happiness on the shrine of Hymen, yet not one could be induced to declare marriage a failure, and all were anxious to secure husbands for their daughters. These women represent the hopelessly conservative class—a class that will always exist, no matter how much women may be emancipated, and that will continue to furnish long-suffering wives to the sons of men as long as the sons of men choose to marry. No possibility or even certainty of disaster can deter them from matrimony. It is their vocation, and they enter it as trustingly and devoutly as those who take the black veil.

The Travelers Retreat.

When Jared Sparklin returned from his trip to Europe the crowd in the Eastville store waited for his story with envious anticipations. They knew he would brag, and they did not know how to bring about that humiliation which was necessary to satisify their natural prejudice against a young man who had been fortunate enough to visit a foreign country. Jared came and met the crowd. Uncle Dan and the rest told him they were mighty glad to see him back and wanted to know all about his voyage and his experiences. Jared accommodated them. After he had given a voluble and exciting account of everything Uncle Dan asked.

"You went to Paris, I suppose?"

Jared replied that he did, and then described the city and its sights.

"Did you get to France?" asked Uncle Dan, very seriously.

Jared pitied their ignorance, and, after explaining that Paris was the capital of France, told what he had seen in that country.

"I guess you went over to the Continent?" said Uncle Dan, more solemnly than ever.

A look of real pain crossed the traveller's face, but be promptly enlightened the dumb villagers.

"My, you have seen a lot!" said Uncle Dan, in admiration, "Paris and France and England and the Continent and all them places. I guess some of these days you'll be taking a trip to Europe?"

Then it was that Jared left, and the crowd put on their hats and went home satisfied.—Judge.

She Was Not to Blame.

A Cincinnati little girl was at the seashore during the summer with her parents and was very fond of putting on her bathing suit and going into the water along the beach. She was cautioned about the danger of going near the water alone, and, though she was often dressed in her suit and allowed to play among the sand, she was forbidden to venture in the water, even to wade. One day she was playing on the beach, and, forgetting the motherly injunction, she waded out ankle deep in the lapping waves. She met her mother's reproof later with a disturbed countenance, but had no excuse to offer. "What made you wade into the water?" "asked the mother, "when I had told you not to do so?"

"Oh, the devil made me, mamma," was the reply.

"Yes," pursued her mother, "but why didn't you say to him: 'Get behind me, Satan'?"

"I did, mamma; I did," and the tears began to gather in the little eyes; "and, mamma, he just got behind me and pushed me right in."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Antietam Battlefield.

The REVIEW has told of the appropriation of $18,000 by congress for the marking of Antietam and adjacent battlefields. The item in the appropriation bill reads as follows: "For completing the work of locating, preserving and marking the position of troops and lines of battle of the Union and Confederate armies at Antietam and the closely related battlefields of Harper's Ferry, South Mountain, Crampton's Gap and Shepherdstown, the said lines and positions to be marked with cast-iron tablets, each bearing a brief historical legend compiled without praise and without censure for the improvement of roads owned by the United States at Antietam; for monuments of cannon-balls and bases therefor to mark the localities where six General officers were killed; for completing the observatory towers; for guide posts; for preparing maps indicating the movements and positions of troops engaged in the battles and in the Antietam campaign, and for services and material incidental to the foregoing."

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COURT CALENDAR—1895

Thirtyninth Judicial District of Pennsylvania.

REGULAR TERMS:	ORPHANS' COURT:
Feb. 4th 1st Monday,	Jan. 28th 4th Tuesday,
April 27th 4th "	March 24th 4th "
Sept. 7th 1st "	June 23d 4th "
Dec. 7th 1st "	Oct. 27th 4th "

The third week of each regular term is appointed for the trial of Equity Cases.

SPECIAL TERMS—Court of Common Pleas:
18th May 3d Monday, | 12th Oct. 2d Monday.

ARGUMENT COURT 4th Tuesday of each month excepting April, July and December.

DETAILED CALENDAR:

January 28th,	Orphans' Court
February 3d,	Regular Term
February 25th,	Argument Court
March 9th,	Superior Court
March 9th,	Supreme Court
March 24th,	Orphans' Court
April 27th,	Regular Term
May 18th,	Special Term
May 20th,	Argument Court
June 23d,	Orphans' Court
August 25th,	Argument Court
September 7th,	Regular Term
September 22d	Argument Court
October 12th,	Special Term
October 27th,	Orphans' Court
November 5th,	Election Returns
November 24th,	Argument Court
December 7th	Regular Term

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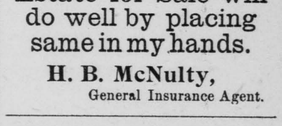

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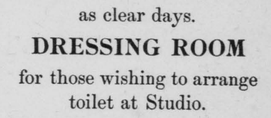

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